

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011



The City of San Fernando, California

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

WITH REPORT ON AUDIT BY INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Prepared By: Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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February 23, 2012

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Residents of San Fernando

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of San Fernando, California for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, is hereby submitted. The report is presented as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments (GASB 34). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City of San Fernando. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of San Fernando, California. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable.

The City Municipal Code requires an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The City's financial statements have been audited by White Nelson Diehl Evans LLP; a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of the State and local governments within the State of California. The purpose of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of San Fernando for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of San Fernando's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The report of independent auditors is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. The City was required to undergo the annual single audit in conformity with provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations." The Single Audit Report, which is issued separately, includes the schedule of federal expenditures,

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findings and recommendations, the auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to compliment MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the financial section of the CAFR.

Reporting Entity

The City Council exercises control over the San Fernando Redevelopment Agency and the San Fernando Public Financing Authority and thus the Agencies have been included in this report. The Los Angeles Unified School District and other public bodies have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity since independent boards not under City Council control govern them. The City Council does not have any voting power over them; accordingly they are excluded from this report. However, the City Council takes an active role to ensure that quality school facilities and programs are provided to its residents.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. These services include police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets, infrastructure; community development activities; recreational and cultural activities; and general administrative and support services. Fire services are provided by contract with the City of Los Angeles. In addition, the City provides water, sanitary sewer and refuse services under an Enterprise Fund system with customer fees covering the cost of providing the services.

The City of San Fernando adopts a comprehensive budget detailed by department prior to the start of the fiscal year which commences on July 1. The budget is further broken down by character of expenditure, defined as Contractual Services, Personnel Services, Maintenance and Operations, and Capital Outlay. The ledger of the City and its component units are maintained by the line item detail or object of expenditure. However, all budgetary controls are exercised at the fund level. Revenues are estimated annually and measured against actual revenues earned.

Adoption of GASB Statement No. 54

In February 2009 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions This new standard does not change the total amount of a given fund balance but it substantially alters the categories and terminology used to describe the components that make up a fund balance. The new categories and terminology reflect an approach that focuses not on financial resources available for appropriation within a fund but on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent.

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 54 on June 20, 2011. Some highlights of GASB 54 include:

This accounting standard does not change our fund balances or how we would utilize the fund resources but it is a new way of classifying and identifying fund balance based on these new components: Non Spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned fund balance

Past Practice – Eliminated Classifications	New GASB 54 Classifications			
Reserved	Non-Spendable			
	Restricted			
Unreserved and Designated	Committed			
	Assigned			
Unreserved and Undesignated	Unassigned			

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City Administrator Residents of San Fernando February 23, 2012

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City of San Fernando is uniquely situated as a small municipality in the northeast portion of the San Fernando Valley and offers a full range of high quality municipal services. The community has retained its historical function as a regional center of retail trade, services and employment, and it has in the recent past continued to capture a significantly higher ratio of sales taxes per capita as compared to other cities in the region. The business climate in San Fernando is favorably impacted by the following factors: excellent regional access and sizable regional labor force; general infrastructure/public sector investment; comparatively low crime rate; comparatively low business taxes; and responsive government and staff.

Although San Fernando is an economically well-balanced community, it is, of course, affected by economic trends in the region, state, nation and world. In addition, like all local governments, the City of San Fernando receives a significant portion of its revenues from the State of California. As a result, the City is directly affected by the State's budget decisions over which the City has no direct control.

Because of the recent downturn in the economy, sales tax revenues have declined. The continuing business climate in the auto industry has adversely affected the City's sales tax revenue from local auto dealerships, as our auto dealership has closed its operations. Also, with the recent decline in housing market values and increasing foreclosures, the City is no longer benefitting fiscally from the previous dramatic increases in property values and homes purchased in the community. The City has nonetheless continued to promote local economic activity and investment of private capital and public resources through the encouragement of new retail/commercial projects, street enhancements, recreational amenities, and educational facilities. However, because of the constraints of lower estimated property tax and sales tax revenues the City has taken a fiscally conservative approach in budgeting expenditures and it will continue to do so as necessary in the future to meet the community's demand for high quality municipal services.

Various initiatives are being pursued to maintain San Fernando's position as a center of economic and other activity in the region, including consideration of the potential for future redevelopment of private and public property in the downtown area, implementation of a revitalization strategy for the community's downtown and commercial corridors and the restoring of the Lopez Adobe building and site as a house museum and historical destination point within the City.

The City continues to work with property owners and prospective developers in an effort to promote adaptive reuse of vacant and underutilized public and private property for new commercial, industrial and/or affordable housing opportunities. In addition, in June of 2011 the City completed infrastructure improvements which included the undergrounding of utilities and new pedestrian amenities along Park Avenue adjacent to the City's Regional Aquatic Facility at San Fernando Recreation Park. Also, the City is continues to work on water and sewer improvement projects into the new fiscal year, specifically the anticipated nitrate removal system.

The City has also continued its work with Los Angeles Unified School District in an effort to improve public education and recreational opportunities with the completion of a new elementary school and a new high school with four academies that opened for the 2011-12 school year. The Los Angeles County courthouse, one of the City's top employers, continues to operate as a major force in providing customers to small businesses in the community.

Financial Information

The City has developed and maintained its accounting system with due consideration given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets are adequately safeguarded from waste, fraud and inefficient use. The financial records maintained allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The concept of

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City Administrator Residents of San Fernando February 23, 2012

reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City's current policy is to create a balanced budget and leave a surplus in the general fund with the idea of creating a reserve balance over the coming years. The City Council has approved the concept of a reserve of about 10% of the operating expenditures for the General Fund. To this extent the City is working to hold increases until this reserve is reached as approved by the City's collective bargaining units. For the City Enterprise Funds the policy is to have a balanced budget and while we invest in needed infrastructure improvements. Any excess revenues over expenses that are generated will be retained and designated for future capital improvements or to cover future unexpected expenditures or revenue shortfalls.

Other Information

<u>City Staffing</u> - The City continues to be blessed with a very qualified staff of employees that allow for the continued growth and provision of high level of services for our residents.

<u>Awards</u> - The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of San Fernando for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. This was the 26th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and all applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we will submit it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for the 2011 certification.

Acknowledgments - The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department, especially Joseph Lillio (Senior Accountant), Sonia Garcia (Junior Accountant), and other City staff. This report would not have been accomplished without their support and without the dedication of the audit firm. Each contributing member of the department has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. I would also like to thank the members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner. Without their support this project would not be possible each year.

Respectfully submitted,

Al Hernández City Administrator

Directory of Officials

CITY COUNCIL

MAYOR

Mario F. Hernandez

MAYOR PRO TEM

Brenda Esqueda

COUNCILMEMBERS

Marbel De La Torre Sylvia Ballin Antonio Lopez

CITY TREASURER

Margarita Solis

ADMINISTRATION AND DEPARTMENT HEADS

City Administrator

Community Development Director

Finance Manager

Personnel Manager

Police Chief

Public Works Director

Recreation & Community Services Manager

Al Hernandez

Paul Deibel

Vacant

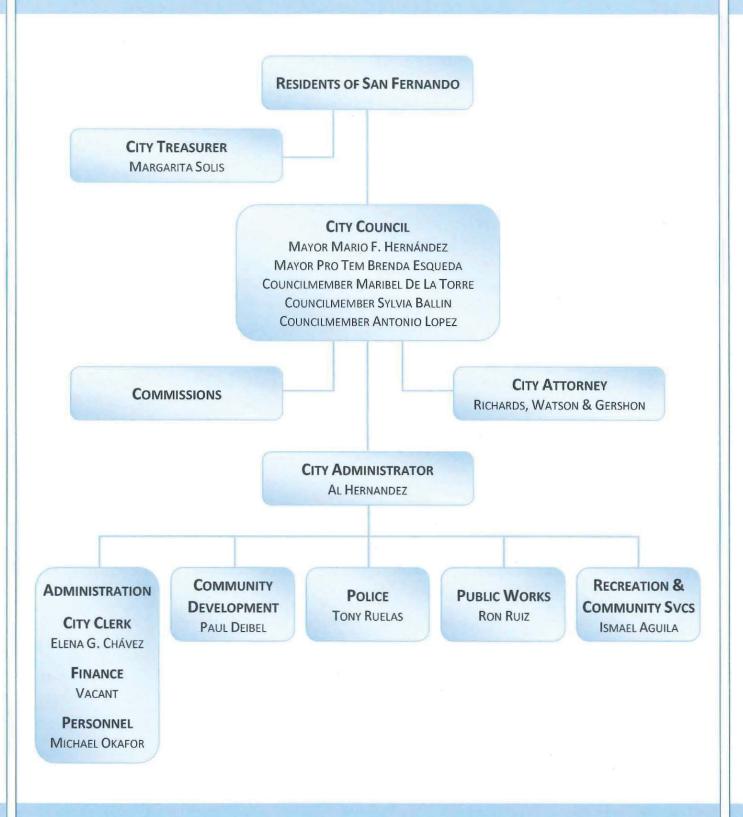
Michael Okafor

Tony Ruelas

Ron Ruiz

Ismael Aguila

Organization Chart



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of San Fernando California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council Members City of San Fernando San Fernando, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Fernando, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of San Fernando's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Fernando, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The basic financial statements have been prepared assuming that the General Fund and the Grants Special Revenue Fund, which are both considered to be major funds of the City, and the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Fernando (Agency), a blended component unit of the City, will continue as going concerns. The Agency's activities are accounted for in the Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3, 4 Debt Service Fund and Low-and Moderate-Income Housing Capital Projects Fund which are both considered to be major funds of the City and the Redevelopment Project Area #1A Debt Service Fund, Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3, 4 and Redevelopment Project Area #1A Capital Projects Capital Projects Funds which are reported in the aggregate fund information of the City. As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, as of June 30, 2011, the General Fund and Grants Special Revenue Fund have fund deficits. Also, as explained further in Note 15, on December 29, 2011 the California Supreme Court upheld California Assembly Bill 1x 26 which provides for the dissolution of redevelopment agencies and invalidated Assembly Bill 1x 27 which allowed an alternative for redevelopment agencies to continue operations. The lack of liquidity of the General Fund and Grants Special Revenue Fund and the California Supreme Court's decisions raise substantial doubt about the ability of the General Fund, the Grants Special Revenue Fund, the Agency's Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3, 4 Debt Service Fund and the Low-and Moderate-Income Housing Capital Projects Fund to continue as going concerns. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

As described in Note 11, the City has implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", for the year ended June 30, 2011.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2012 on our consideration of the City of San Fernando's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of funding progress and budgetary comparison schedules, identified as required supplementary information in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This information is an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison schedules and related note have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining statements and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the City as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

White Nelson Diebl Tuans UP

Irvine, California February 23, 2012 This section of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found beginning on page I and the City's financial statements beginning on page 13.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

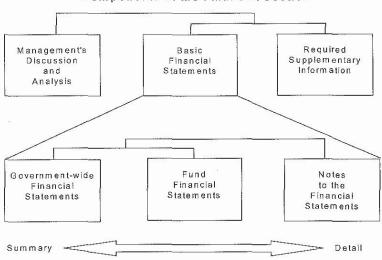
The City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments (GASB 34) for the year ending June 30, 2003. GASB 34 established new financial reporting standards for state and local governments in an effort to make governmental reporting more understandable and useful to the readers. During the June 30, 2007 fiscal year, the City completed the implementation of GASB 34 by adjusting the financial statements to include the value of infrastructure that was previously not required to be reported. The following are some key financial highlights for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011:

- ❖ The City's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$60,331,335 (net assets). Unrestricted net assets were (\$11,632,048) at June 30, 2011.
- As of June 30, 2011, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$696,247.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this portion), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and *optional* combining statements for other governmental funds. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Components of the Financial Section



Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only affect cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community development, recreation, non-departmental, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate entities, the San Fernando Redevelopment Agency and the San Fernando Public Financing Authority. The City is financially accountable for these entities and financial information for these blended component units is reported within the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 27 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Revenue-Grants Fund, Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4-Debt Service Fund and the Low-Income Housing-Capital Project Fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 23 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these other-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other governmental funds supplementary information section of this report.

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate its compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 16 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>. The City maintains several proprietary funds. <u>Enterprise funds</u> are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the Water Enterprise Fund, Sewer Enterprise Fund, and the Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund. <u>Internal service funds</u> are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among a City's various self-supporting functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for purchases of vehicles and other major emergencies.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the maintenance and operation of the City's water, sewer and waste disposal services. The Water Fund accounts for all activities necessary to provide water services to all residents of the City and some County areas. Some of these activities include, but are not limited to, operations, maintenance and major construction. The Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of sewer services to all residents of the City. Processing of sewage is done by the City of Los Angeles under contract. The Waste Disposal Fund accounts for the collection of solid waste from all residential utility accounts within the City. Solid waste collection and disposal is operated under a contract with a private disposal company. These are considered to be business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The water services fund, sewer services and waste disposal services funds are presented as major funds in the financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 23 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 29 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information beginning on page 63 of this report. This section includes a schedule of funding progress and a comparison of budgeted to actual results for the general and major special revenue funds.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with other governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 71 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Assets

The following table is a summary of the statement of net assets at June 30, 2011.

Summary of Net Assets

	Governm	ental Activities	Busines	ss-type Activities		<u>Total</u>
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Assets:					-	- (
Current and other assets \$ Capital assets	12,308,681 54,873,836	\$ 12,951,098 54,922,323	\$ 8,327,487 15,324,618	\$ 7,628,333 15,547,758	M	\$ 20,579,431 70,470,081
Total assets	67,182,517	67,873,421	23,652,105	23,176,091	90,834,622	91,049,512
Liabilities:						
Current and other liabiliti Long-term	3,408,391	2,367,337	594,248	421,427	4,002,639	2,788,764
liabilities	26,500,648	26,382,160		_	26,500,648	26,382,160
Total liabilities	29,909,039	28,749,497	594,248	421,427	30,503,287	29,170,924
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	43,598,683	42,262,518	15,324,618	15,547,758	58,923,301	57,810,276
Restricted	13,040,082	14,364,410	-		13,040,082	14,364,410
Unrestricted	(19,365,287)	(17,503,004)	7,733,239	7,206,906	(11,632,048)	(10,296,098)
Total net assets \$	37,273,478	\$ 39,123,924	\$ 23,057,857	\$ _22,754,664	\$ 60,331,335	\$ 61,878,588

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In this case, City assets exceeded liabilities by \$60,331,335 at June 30, 2011.

The largest portion of the City's net assets, \$58,923,301, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

A portion of the City's net assets, \$13,040,082, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, if any, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

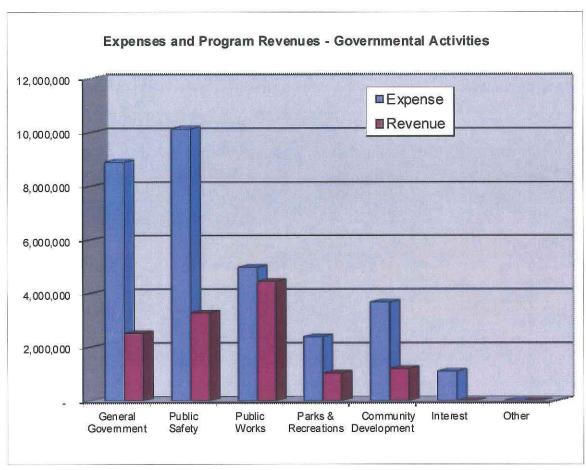
At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report a positive balance in two categories of net assets (Invested in capital assets, net of related debt and Restricted); the City's governmental activities unrestricted net assets were a deficit of \$19,365,287.

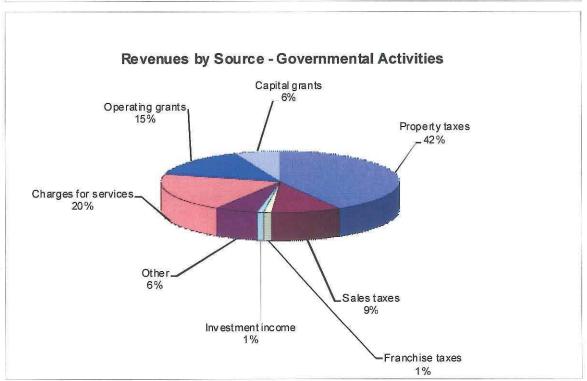
Statement of Activities

Governmental and Business-type activities decreased the City's net assets by (\$447,254). Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by (\$750,447).
- ❖ Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$303,193.

			Change	in]	Net Assets						
	Govern	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities					Total				
	2011		2010		2011		2010		2011		2010
Revenues						5				- 55	24 3 (144 144 144 144 144 144 144 144 144 14
Program revenues			44								
Charges for services	\$ 6,098,3	324	\$ 6,613,598	\$	6,572,824	\$	6,215,310	\$	12,671,148	\$	12,828,90
Operating grants and contributions	4,432,0	549	3,287,154		-		-		4,432,649		3,287,15
Capital grants and contributions	1,896,	595	1,094,301		_		-		1,896,595		1,094,30
General revenues											
Taxes	15,850,2	253	16,849,519		-		-		15,850,253		16,849,51
Investment earnings and others	2,125,9	907	1,352,684		23,897		45,256		2,149,804		1,397,94
Total revenue	30,403,	728	29,197,256		6,596,721	-	6,260,566	-	37,000,449	-	35,457,82
Expenses	-			-		-		_		-	0000
General government	9,051,3	209	8,393,942		-		=:		9,051,209		8,393,94
Public safety	10,137,	119	9,917,154		-		-		10,137,119		9,917,13
Public works	4,960,		5,591,332		_		-		4,960,530		5,591,32
Parks and recreation	2,375,0)34	2,960,683		_		-		2,375,034		2,960,68
Community											
development	3,658,	552	5,547,132		-		_		3,658,552		5,547,13
Capital Outlay			-		-		-		-		
Interest and fiscal											
charges	1,092,	731	1,141,113						1,092,731		1,141,1
Enterprise operations	98	-	3 <u>2</u> 3	6 Z	6,172,528	n 2 <u>2</u>	6,995,810	. 22	6,172,528	. <u> </u>	6,995,81
Total expenses	31,275,	75	33,551,356		6,172,528		6,995,810		37,447,703		40,547,16
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers	(871,4	47)	(4,354,100)		424,193		(735,244)		(447,254)		(5,089,34
Transfers in (out)	121,0	000_	340,902	<u>=</u>	(121,000)	× -	(340,902)	<u>-</u>	-	_	
increase (decrease) in net assets	(750,4	47)	(4,013,198)		303,193		(1,076,146)		(447,254)		(5,089,34
Net assets – beginning Restated	38,023,9	925_	42,037,123	-	22,754,664	: - -	23,830,810	-	60,778,589	· · · · · ·	65,867,93
Net assets – ending	\$ 37,273,4	178	\$ 38,023,925	\$	23,057,857	\$	22,754,664	S	60,331,335	\$	60,778,5





Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$696,247. The City's governmental funds report a deficit of (\$7,879,628) in its *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable (\$5,685,652) or restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending, because it has already been restricted for 1) \$92,770 for Low/mod income housing, 2) \$2,218,119 for transportation, 3) \$42,113 for air pollution, 4) \$385,993 for parks and recreation, 5) \$605 for public safety and 6) \$150,623 for debt service.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was (\$856,695). The reason for the negative balance in the General fund is due to the self-insurance fund which accounts for expenditures related to insurance reimbursement or lawsuits. The self-insurance fund is experiencing a temporary deficit relating to a one-time settlement that occurred a few years ago and an industrial accident that occurred in the current year.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$721,701 during the current fiscal year. Key factors of this decrease were attributed to an industrial accident that occurred in the current year and the City paying the \$500,000 insurance deductible, an increase in attorney fees due to ongoing litigation, and increases in personnel costs that resulted from Union negotiations in salaries for certain bargaining groups from the prior year.

The deficit in the fund balance of the Grants Special Revenue Fund amounted to \$2,763,283 at the end of the fiscal year, a increase in the deficit in the amount of \$238,486 from the prior year. The City continues to collect reimbursement of grant funds and part of the balance is due to timing. The City is currently repaying the grant fund for a grant that was not reimbursed in the past. In addition, if sufficient grant monies are not collected or recovered, the city will transfer from other funds that benefited from the various projects in order to relieve this deficit.

The Merged Redevelopment Project Areas 1,2,3, and 4 Debt Service Fund's fund balance increased from \$545,113 to \$1,014,606, an increase of \$469,493 from the prior year primarily due to a change in fund grouping.

The Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund's fund balance decreased from \$2,381,408 to \$2,141,581 a decrease of \$239,827 primarily due to an increase in expenditures due to Housing assistance and modification of housing plans.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Enterprise Funds. Total net assets of the enterprise funds amounted to \$23,057,857 and total increase in net assets for these funds was \$303,193 for the year ended June 30, 2011.

<u>Internal Service Funds.</u> The City's internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for purchases of vehicles throughout the City. As of June 30, 2011, unrestricted net assets of the internal service funds were \$135,259 a total increase in net assets for these funds were \$47,003. The services provided by the internal service funds have been allocated to governmental functions, based on user percentages, in the government-wide financial statements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In the General Fund, the original total budgeted expenditures, compared to the final budget, decreased by \$370,129 primarily because of deferring capital purchases and maintenance costs.

During the year, actual revenues were less than budgetary estimates by \$105,562 due to decreases in business license revenue and a decrease in transfers to the general fund. The actual revenues decreased by \$516,818 from the prior year. This decrease was partially anticipated during the budget process since fund balance reserves were expected to pay for expenditures in excess of current year revenues.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities amounts to \$54,873,836 (net of accumulated depreciation of \$40,556,507) as of June 30, 2011. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than building, infrastructure (roads, sidewalks, streetlights, etc.), and machinery and equipment. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$3,842,833 before depreciation.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 6,469,707	\$ 683,314	\$ 7,153,021
Capital assets being depreciated	88,960,636	34,610,312	123,570,948
Less accumulated depreciation	(40,556,507)	 (19,969,008)	(60,525,515)
Net	\$ 54,873,836	\$ 15,324,618	\$ 70,198,454

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 5 to the basic financial statements on pages 44 and 45 of this report.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental activities:

Capital asset additions in governmental activities include: Park Avenue improvements and the Lopez Adobe Rehabilitation.

Business-type activities:

Upgrades relating to the water and sewer systems. Also, beginning the nitrate removal project.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Debt Administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, total long-term debts amounted to \$26,500,648, of which \$11,670,000 are tax allocation bonds issued for redevelopment projects. The bonded indebtedness, net of the bond discount of \$49,842, is \$11,620,158. Total long-term debts in governmental activities consist of the following:

Bonded indebtedness:	
Tax Allocation Bonds	\$ 11,670,000
Issuance discount	(49,842)
Other long-term debt:	
Section 108 loan	1,764,000
CHFA loan	912,692
Compensated absences	1,215,914
Claims payable	3,013,556
City of Los Angeles	** ***
County deferral	3,630,377
Other post-employment	
benefit obligation	4,343,951
Total	\$ 26,500,648

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$56,042,792 which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements on pages 47-50 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the City of San Fernando maintained a conservative budget in light of reduced revenues due to the downturn in economic conditions. The City has taken significant steps to address the fiscal challenges that it faces while maintaining the delivery of excellent municipal services to the community. Measures were implemented to ensure that costs were being recovered, and to augment revenues and improve efficiency. Such measures included a comprehensive updating of the City's schedule of fees for services in general, and the municipal code was amended to augment administrative fines for violations of the code so as to recover more of the cost of protecting and preserving the safety and the character of the community in particular, as positions become vacant they are not being filled to have a savings in staff costs, restructuring the deposits for new utility customers, applying for alternative fuel credits from the Federal government related to the sale of CNG (City's CNG station), and deferring capital purchases where deemed appropriate.

The City has also been able to implement major projects as a result of the aggressive approach it has taken towards seeking new funding sources. City staff is constantly looking for new ways of finding new revenues and uses the talents from within to approach new projects rather than paying additional fees to receive services. In this regard, significant accomplishments in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011 included:

- Completion of the Park Avenue undergrounding of utilities. This project added extensive aesthetic improvements to the area.
- Completion of the Park Avenue Improvement Project. This was a multi-phase project which included: bulbouts, pedestrian lighting, street improvements, landscaping, and pedestrian improvements to the streetscape so as to improve its function and to attract new private investment. This was funded through special revenue funds such as CDBG and Prop. 1B funds.
- Initiating the process to increase the utility rates, also known as the Prop. 218 process (This is expected to be completed in 2012.). This is necessary in order to maintain the necessary capital reserves to complete essential capital improvements and maintenance projects on the City's aging sewer and water infrastructure.
- Transmission Line improvements.
- Completion of the Virtual Patrol project. This was funded through federal grant funds. This project will is a valuable tool to the citizens and the Police Department in reducing and preventing crime within the City.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget (Continued)

In the upcoming fiscal year 2011-2012, the City plans to maintain a conservative budget in light of current economic conditions. Revenues to the General Fund and are expected to fall slightly. Expenditures are expected to fall with anticipated savings from the continued practice of not filling positions as they become vacant, Also, the City will be entering into negotiations with all of the bargaining units in order to achieve savings. In spite of the economic conditions, the City plans on continuing with the Water Nitrate Project, the Trolley and Bus Shelter Project, Energy Efficient Induction Lighting Project, and several street paving and repair projects. Except for the Water Project, these projects will be funded through grants and/or special revenue funds. In order to sustain the continued delivery of excellent municipal services to the community, the City will continue to closely review all revenues, department budgets and projects in light of budget constraints. Where necessary, the City will prioritize the use of resources so as to meet the community's demand for critical municipal services. The City has implemented a rolling twelve month cash flow analysis and a monthly departmental review of financials (revenues and expenditures).

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for readers of the financial statements. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Senior Accountant, San Fernando, California.

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$ 3,846,434	\$ 2,863,607	\$ 6,710,041
Restricted cash and investments (Note 3)	1,852,096	-	1,852,096
Receivables:			
Taxes	1,176,688	.=:	1,176,688
Accounts	576,845	867,729	1,444,574
Interest	3,928	29,838	33,766
Grants	1,046,884	<u>-</u>	1,046,884
Loans receivable	7,588,714	-	7,588,714
Internal balances	(4,566,313)	4,566,313	
Prepaid items	11,621		11,621
Land held for resale	468,733	=	468,733
Inventories	46,142	-	46,142
Bond issue costs	256,909		256,909
Capital assets, not depreciated (Note 5)	6,469,707	683,314	7,153,021
Capital assets, depreciated, net (Note 5)	48,404,129	14,641,304	63,045,433
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
TOTAL ASSETS	67,182,517	23,652,105	90,834,622
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	1,966,848	340,931	2,307,779
Accrued liabilities	588,881	94,245	683,126
Deposits payable	99,495	159,072	258,567
Retentions payable	132,319		132,319
Interest payable	175,348	*	175,348
Unearned revenue (Note 6)	445,500 -		445,500
Long-term liabilities (Note 7):	3		,
Due within one year	2,203,183	-	2,203,183
Due in more than one year		24,297,465	
•		2	24,297,465_
TOTAL LIABILITIES	29,909,039	594,248	30,503,287_
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	43,598,683	15,324,618	58,923,301
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	2,552,019	T.	2,552,019
Debt service	6,534,764	=	6,534,764
Recreational services	22,534	=	22,534
Public safety	605		605
Housing	3,930,160	_	3,930,160
Unrestricted	(19,365,287)	7,733,239	(11,632,048)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 37,273,478	\$ 23,057,857	\$ 60,331,335
I O II II I I I X X X X X X X X X X X X	ψ 57,275,170	4 2,001,007	- 00,001,000

		Program Revenues		
		Charges	Operating	Capital
		for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	ctions/Programs Expenses		Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities:				Per annual description of the second
General government	\$ 9,051,209	\$ 2,503,993	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	10,137,119	1,583,487	1,688,697	1)#(
Community development	3,658,552	581,323	606,205	-
Public works	4,960,530	903,323	1,637,796	1,896,595
Parks and recreation	2,375,034	526,198	499,951	₩.
Interest expense	1,092,731	-	-	_
Total governmental activities	31,275,175	6,098,324	4,432,649	1,896,595
Business-type activities:	•			
Water	3,227,843	3,064,458	-	Ē
Sewer	1,867,044	2,383,329	:; - -	₹
Waste disposal	1,077,641	1,125,037	~~	-
Total business-type activities	6,172,528	6,572,824		
Total	\$ 37,447,703	\$ 12,671,148	\$ 4,432,649	\$ 1,896,595

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property

Sales and use

Property taxes in lieu of sales and use taxes

Franchise

Intergovernmental, unrestricted

Investment income

Gain on sale of property

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning of year, as restated

Net assets - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Business-type	<u> </u>
Governmental		
Activities	Activities	Total
\$ (6,547,216)	\$ -	\$ (6,547,216)
(6,864,935)	_	(6,864,935)
(2,471,024)	<u>.</u>	(2,471,024)
(522,816)	_	(522,816)
(1,348,885)	_	(1,348,885)
(1,092,731)	2	(1,092,731)
(3,02-3,10-)		(-,,,,)
(18,847,607)		(18,847,607)
-((163,385)	(163,385)
<u>-</u> 3	516,285	516,285
-	47,396	47,396
	400,296	400,296
	400,270	100,270
(18,847,607)	400,296	(18,447,311)
12,596,288	m	12,596,288
2,323,994	H 프린	2,323,994
596,449	÷	596,449
333,522	-	333,522
115,898	=	115,898
244,419	23,897	268,316
298,411	@ F	298,411
1,467,179	#J	1,467,179
121,000	(121,000)	_
18,097,160	(97,103)	18,000,057
(750,447)	303,193	(447,254)
38,023,925	22,754,664	60,778,589
\$ 37,273,478	\$ 23,057,857	\$ 60,331,335

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund Grants
Assets	7.	
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted cash and investments (Note 3)	Pro-	•
Receivables:		
Taxes	734,932	· ·
Accounts	398,660	12,706
Interest	2,479	-
Grants		704,374
Inventories	46,142	15.
Due from other funds (Note 4)	22,236	:=
Loans receivable	_	
Advances to other funds (Note 4)	189,604	(+
Prepaid items	1,632	2.7
Land held for resale		
Total assets	\$ 1,395,685	\$ 717,080
Liabilities and fund balances		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 805,584	\$ 147,949
Accrued liabilities	462,600	33,670
Deposits	80,928	-
Retentions payable	N. H.	23,421
Deferred revenue	152,218	656,423
Due to other funds (Note 4)	513,672	1,556,792
Advances from other funds (Note 4)		1,062,108
Total liabilities	2,015,002	3,480,363
Fund balances (deficits):		
Nonspendable:		
Inventories	46,142	_
Long-term receivables	-	t: -
Advances to other funds	189,604	2
Prepaid items	1,632	<u> </u>
Land held for resale		
Debt service	e e	•
Restricted for:		
Low/mod income housing	-	#1
Transportation	120	=
Air pollution	-	. <u>12</u> 7
Parks and recreation	<u> </u>	
Public safety	-	
Debt service	¥ (E	H.
Unassigned	(856,695	(2,763,283)
Total fund balances (deficits)	(619,317	(2,763,283)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,395,685	\$ 717,080

Debt Ser Fund		Cap	ital Projects Fund	***			
Redevelor		8. -			Other		
Merged P			ow-income	Go	vernmental		70°04-1
Areas #1,	4, 3, 4	6 2	Housing	19-19-19-1	Funds	K	Total
\$	5,548	\$	132,475	\$	3,573,152	\$	3,711,175
1,83	52,096		,-		-		1,852,096
10	66,441		-		254,847		1,156,220
	1 440		104,175		61,304		576,845
	1,449		·=		342,510		3,928 1,046,884
	-				342,310		46,142
1.5	20,735		-		30,000		1,572,971
	59,535		1,788,579		430,600		7,588,714
	06,991		2,048,811		531,054		2,876,460
			-,010,011		9,989		11,621
ú .			is a second		468,733		468,733
\$ 9,02	22,795	\$	4,074,040	\$	5,702,189	\$	20,911,789
\$	39,067	\$	88,190	\$	886,058	\$	1,966,848
	300		55,690		36,621		588,881
	17,500		_		1,067		99,495
	=		=		108,898		132,319
(2)	69,535		1,788,579		445,500		8,412,255
	22,236		-		3,052,530		5,145,230
	59,551	9	-		248,855	-	3,870,514
8,00	08,189	1	1,932,459	19	4,779,529	-	20,215,542
	-		1;=				46,142
	+		:=		430,600		430,600
10	06,991		2,048,811		531,054		2,876,460
	<u>123</u>				9,989		11,621
1.0			-		468,733		468,733
1,83	52,096				=		1,852,096
			92,770		-		92,770
	-		-		2,218,119		2,218,119
	÷		=		42,113		42,113
	=		-		385,993		385,993
	=		! *		605		605
·			11-		150,623		150,623
	44,481)				(3,315,169)		(7,879,628)
1,0	14,606_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,141,581	<u> </u>	922,660		696,247
\$ 9,02	22,795	\$	4,074,040	\$	5,702,189	\$	20,911,789

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Fund balances for governmental funds	\$	696,247
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets, net of depreciation, have not been included as financial resources in the governmental fund activity.		
Capital assets		95,430,343
Accumulated depreciation	ļ	(40,556,507)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Also, bond issuance costs are no recorded as assets under modified accrual basis of accounting. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Balances at June 30, 2011 are:		
Tax allocation bonds		(11,670,000)
Loans payable		(2,676,692)
County deferral		(3,630,377)
Deferred charges for issuance costs		256,909
Bond discount		49,842
Claims payable		(3,013,556)
Compensated absences		(3,015,930) (1,215,914)
Net other post-employment benefit obligation		(4,343,951)
Accrued interest payable from the current portion of interest due on bonds payable has not been		
reported in the governmental funds.		(175,348)
Long-term receivables that are not available for current use. Amounts are recorded as deferred		
revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting.		7,966,755
Long-term assets that are not available for current use. Amounts are not reported in the governmental funds.		20,468
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of equipment purchases to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the		
Statement of Net Assets.		135,259
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	37,273,478
	-	7 7 7 7

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund Grants
Revenues:	***************************************	
Taxes	\$ 6,789,840	5 \$ -
Licenses and permits	249,754	1 -
Charges for services	1,979,064	1 -
Fines and forfeitures	1,013,966	-
Investment earnings	351,866	383
Intergovernmental	2,555,168	3 1,874,003
Other	1,785,07	7 20,524
Total revenues	14,724,73	1,894,910
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	5,683,492	2 -
Public safety	9,816,020	
Community development	423,28.	
Public works	2,186,03	3 24,395
Parks and recreation	1,119,709	9 160,569
Pass-throughs		
SERAF		
Capital outlay		- 1,194,774
Debt service:		
Principal	209,64	2 -
Interest and fiscal charges		
Total expenditures	19,438,17	8 2,233,396
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,713,44	(338,486)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in (Note 4)	4,049,99	4 100,000
Transfers out (Note 4)	(236,66	3) -
Sale of property	178,41	1 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,991,74	2 100,000
Net change in fund balances	(721,70	1) (238,486)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	102,38	4 (2,524,797)
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ (619,31	7) \$ (2,763,283)

Debt Service Fund Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3, 4	Capital Projects Fund Low-income Housing	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
¢ (001.710	Φ.	Ф. 4.422.207	Ф 17 422 D57
\$ 6,221,713	\$ -	\$ 4,422,297	\$ 17,433,856
-	H	710.537	249,754
-	1.22 1.22 1.22	718,537	2,697,601
147.242	40.647	169,333	1,183,299
147,342	48,647	22,429	570,661
106.050	101177	2,576,228	7,005,399
136,850	104,175	285,304	2,331,930
6,505,905	152,822	8,194,128	31,472,500
	¥	° a	
125,965	537,866	1,363,031	7,710,354
1,500	_	15,000	10,556,689
-,	401,911	1,410,274	2,364,956
3 -	-	874,889	3,085,317
_	:=:	1,051,920	2,332,198
1,540,765	_	171,712	1,712,477
392,608	22	32,294	424,902
372,000		1,640,659	2,835,433
		1,010,035	<i>2</i> ,000,100
1,180,000	300,000	243,893	1,933,535
738,342	-	132,067	870,409
3,979,180	1,239,777	6,935,739	33,826,270
2,526,725	(1,086,955)	1,258,389	(2,353,770)
49		4	
<u>, 128</u>	1,347,128	2,106,317	7,603,439
(2,057,232)	(500,000)	(4,688,544)	(7,482,439)
(2,037,232)	(300,000)	(+,000,5++)	178,411
			170,711
(2,057,232)	847,128	(2,582,227)	299,411
469,493	(239,827)	(1,323,838)	(2,054,359)
545,113	2,381,408	2,246,498	2,750,606
\$ 1,014,606	\$ 2,141,581	\$ 922,660	\$ 696,247

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (2,054,359)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This the amount by which capital expense exceeded depreciation in the current period: Capital expenditures Depreciation expense	3,842,833 (2,791,320)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumed the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. These amounts are the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Principal payments Accrued interest added to the loan from CHFA Accrued interest added to the county deferral loans	1,933,534 (30,830) (237,501)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Interest expense Amortization of bond discount Amortization of issuance costs Compensated absences Other post-employment benefits	18,768 (5,413) (27,900) 133,187 (1,586,466)
Claims payable expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the net increase/decrease in claims liabilities for the current year. Certain loans are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when issued. Repayments	(324,999)
on these long-term loans are recorded as revenues in the governmental funds when collected. However, neither of these transactions have an effect on net assets: Loans collected	(46,009)
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities are not considered to be available to finance current expenditures and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds: Sales tax Other revenues Gain on sale of property	(262,298) 521,323 120,000
The change in net assets of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities	47,003
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (750,447)

	Busin	ess-type Activition	es - Enterprise F	unds	Governmental Activities -
ACCETC	Water	Sewer	Waste Disposal	Totals Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and investments (Note 3) Customer accounts receivables, net Inventory	\$ 778,636 361,348 29,838	\$ 2,084,971 336,030	\$ - 170,351	\$ 2,863,607 867,729 29,838	\$ 135,259 -
Due from other funds (Note 4)	1,761,055	2,015,467	_	3,776,522	_
Due from other funds (110te 4)	1,701,033	2,015,107		3,770,322	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,930,877	4,436,468	170,351	7,537,696	135,259
NONCURRENT ASSETS:					
Advances to other funds (Note 4) Capital assets (Note 5):	w	2,494,054	ra.	2,494,054	-
Land	26,345	_		26,345	_
Water rights	624,659	-	_	624,659	-
Construction in progress	32,310	-	_	32,310	-
Buildings and plant	5,597,393	118,501	_	5,715,894	-
Infrastructure	15,574,825	5,803,785	-	21,378,610	-
Land improvement	29,200	-	_	29,200	-
Equipment	6,660,195	772,756	53,657	7,486,608	-
Less accumulated depreciation	(16,296,194)	(3,658,165)	(14,649)	(19,969,008)	-
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	12,248,733	5,530,931	39,008	17,818,672	
TOTAL ASSETS	15,179,610	9,967,399	209,359	25,356,368	135,259
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	205,880	52,615	82,436	340,931	-
Accrued liabilities	67,993	22,166	4,086	94,245	-
Due to other funds (Note 4)	-	-	204,263	204,263	-
Customer deposits	159,072		_	159,072	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	432,945	74,781	290,785	798,511	-
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: Advances from other funds (Note 4)	1,500,000			1,500,000	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,932,945	74,781	290,785	2,298,511	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT): Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	12,248,733 997,932	3,036,877 6,855,741	39,008 (120,434)	15,324,618 7,733,239	- 135,259
Officationed	991,932	0,033,771	(120,737)	1,133,439	133,437
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)	\$ 13,246,665	\$ 9,892,618	\$ (81,426)	\$ 23,057,857	\$ 135,259

See independent auditors' report and notes to basic financial statements.

N.	Busin	ness-type Activiti	es - Enterprise I	Funds	Governmental Activities -
,	Water	Sewer	Waste Disposal	Totals Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Other	\$ 2,612,248 452,210	\$ 2,383,329	\$1,125,037	\$ 6,120,614 452,210	\$ 80,750
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	3,064,458	2,383,329	1,125,037	6,572,824	80,750
OPERATING EXPENSES: Contractual services Maintenance and operations Depreciation	133,721 2,516,512 570,185	336,332 1,395,404 135,308	813,858 259,751 4,032	1,283,911 4,171,667 709,525	33,747
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,220,418	1,867,044	1,077,641	6,165,103	33,747
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(155,960)	516,285	47,396	407,721	47,003
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest income Interest expense	3,591 (7,425)	20,306		23,897 (7,425)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(3,834)	20,306	177	16,472	<u> </u>
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(159,794)	536,591	47,396	424,193	47,003
TRANSFERS OUT	(61,000)	(60,000)	_	(121,000)	,
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	(220,794)	476,591	47,396	303,193	47,003
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	13,467,459	9,416,027	(128,822)	22,754,664	88,256
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 13,246,665	\$ 9,892,618	\$ (81,426)	\$ 23,057,857	\$ 135,259

	Bus	Governmental Activities -			
	Water	Sewer	Waste Disposal	Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers and contractors Payments to employees	\$ 3,049,987 (858,435) (1,639,957)	\$ 2,379,388 (1,028,063) (669,793)	\$ 1,117,440 (962,552) (109,920)	\$ 6,546,815 (2,849,050) (2,419,670)	\$ 80,750 (102,259)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	551,595	681,532	44,968	1,278,095	(21,509)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Loans from (to) other funds Interest expense paid on advances Transfers to other funds	(311,198) (7,425) (61,000)	177,461 - (60,000)	(44,968) - -	(178,705) (7,425) (121,000)	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(379,623)	117,461	(44,968)	(307,130)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets	(486,386)		·	(486,386)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received	3,591	20,306		23,897	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(310,823)	819,299	-	508,476	(21,509)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,089,459	1,265,672		2,355,131	156,768
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 778,636	\$ 2,084,971	\$	\$ 2,863,607	\$ 135,259

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities -				
		Water		Sewer		Waste isposal	F	Totals Interprise Funds		Internal Service Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING										
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH										
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING										
ACTIVITIES:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(155,960)	\$	516,285	\$	47,396	\$	407,721	\$	47,003
Adjustments to reconcile operating										
income (loss) to net cash provided										
(used) by operating activities:										
Depreciation		570,185		135,308		4,032		709,525		-
Change in assets and liabilities:										
(Increase) decrease in customer										
accounts receivable		(8,320)		(3,941)		(7,597)		(19,858)		-
(Increase) decrease in inventory		7,885		-				7,885		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts										
payable		120,905		32,437		738		154,080		(68,512)
Increase (decrease) in accrued										
liabilities		23,051		1,443		399		24,893		-
Increase (decrease) in customer										
deposits		(6,151)				-		(6,151)		_
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)										
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	551,595	\$	681,532	\$	44,968	\$	1,278,095	\$	(21,509)

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Agency Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Agency Fund
Cash and investments Prepaid expenses	Assets	\$ 108,25 80
Total assets		\$ 109,06
	<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable Deposits		\$ 1,22 107,84
Total liabilities		\$ 109,06

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1. REPORTING ENTITY:

The City of San Fernando, California was incorporated on August 31, 1911 under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities. The financial reporting entity includes the accounts of the City of San Fernando (the City), the primary government and its component units, the San Fernando Redevelopment Agency (the Agency or the RDA) and the City of San Fernando Public Financing Authority (the Authority).

The financial statements of the City of San Fernando include the financial activities of the City and its component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of budget adoptions, taxing authority, funding and composition or appointments of the governing board. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are part of the City's operations and data from these units are therefore combined with data of the City.

Blended Component Units:

Since the San Fernando City Council acts as the Board of Directors and is able to impose its will on the San Fernando Redevelopment Agency and the San Fernando Public Financing Authority, the City is considered to be the primary government and the other two entities are component units. Additionally, since the governing boards of the City and the component units are the same, the component units are blended.

The San Fernando Redevelopment Agency was established in 1965 pursuant to provisions of the California Health and Safety Code. The primary purpose of the Agency is to eliminate blighted areas by encouraging development of residential, commercial, industrial, recreational and public facilities. The Agency is accounted for in the City's financial statements in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City Council members, in separate session, serve as the governing board of the Agency. The Agency is reported in the Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. The Agency's financial statements may be obtained from the City's Finance Department located at San Fernando City Hall.

The City of San Fernando Public Financing Authority is a Joint Exercise of Powers Authority organized and existing under and by virtue of the Joint Exercise of Power Act of the Government Code of the State. The City and the Agency formed the Authority by the execution of a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement. The primary purpose of the Authority is to issue bonds and make loans to the Agency. The Authority is accounted for in the City's financial statements in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City Council members, in separate session, serve as the governing board of the Authority. The Authority is reported in the Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. There are no separate financial statements prepared for the Authority.

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government (including its blended component units) is reported separately from discretely presented component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City has no discretely presented component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Separate financial statements for the government's governmental and proprietary funds are presented after the Government-wide Financial Statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and other governmental funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary fund financial statement. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all the eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period. Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. However, special reporting treatments are used to indicate that they should not be considered "available spendable resources" since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by noncurrent receivables is deferred until they become current receivables. Noncurrent portions of other long-term receivables are offset by nonspendable fund balance accounts.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued):

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Fund Classifications:

The funds designated as major funds are determined by a mathematical calculation consistent with GASB Statement No. 34. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Grants Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for miscellaneous grants provided by federal, state and county agencies and expended for various street, park, recreation, human services and police purposes.

The <u>Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4 Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest on general obligations of the Agency's Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4.

The <u>Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for monies set aside in accordance with Redevelopment Law for the provision of affordable housing for low and moderate-income persons and families.

Fund Classifications (Continued):

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The <u>Water Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for the provision of water services to all residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance and major construction.

The <u>Sewer Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for the provision of sewer services to all residents of the City. Processing of sewage is done by the City of Los Angeles under contract.

The <u>Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for the collection of solid waste from all residential utility accounts within the City. Solid waste collection and disposal is operated under a contract with a private disposal company.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

The <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those for Capital Projects Funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for special purposes.

The <u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for interest and principal on general obligation debt, including tax allocation bonds and long-term notes payable of governmental funds.

The <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The <u>Internal Service Fund</u> is used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one City department to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund is used to account for equipment replacements.

The <u>Agency Fund</u> is used to account for funds received by the City as an agent for the other entities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

In order to maximize investment return, the City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The cash management pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account by the participating funds. Accordingly, the City has defined, for purposes of the preparation of its statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents as demand deposits, plus all investments maintained in the cash management pool, regardless of maturity period.

See independent auditors' report.

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

Cash and Investments:

Investments are stated at fair value (the value at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale).

Inventories:

Inventories of the enterprise funds, consisting primarily of materials and supplies, are stated at cost determined by the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Land Held for Resale:

Land held for resale in the capital projects funds are recorded at the lower of acquisition cost or fair value.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include land, structures and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure assets, are recorded in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Capital outlay is recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds in fund financial statements and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold is met.

Capital assets include additions to public domain (infrastructure) which includes certain improvements including pavement, curb and gutter, sidewalks, traffic control devices, and right-of-way corridors within the City.

The provision for depreciation is computed by use of the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of assets, which are as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Infrastructure	Up to 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Furniture and equipment	Up to 30 years
Vehicles and related equipment	Up to 8 years

Capital Assets (Continued):

Water rights are recorded in the Water Enterprise Fund in the amount of \$624,659, which is the net acquisition cost. The asset represents amounts paid to the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California for the right to purchase water. Because the rights have an indefinite life and normally appreciate in value over time, the City has elected not to amortize the cost of water rights. This treatment is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Deferred Revenues:

Deferred revenues in fund financial statements arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them (e.g., when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures).

Restricted Assets:

Certain proceeds of debt issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Compensated Absences:

Employees can accrue vacation, sick leave or annual leave depending on the employee's status (management or non-management). In addition, non-management personnel may earn compensation time in lieu of overtime pay. Vacation, annual leave, and compensation leave are paid out 100% upon employee termination. Sick leave is paid out up to 50% upon retirement only.

Both vacation and annual leave are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are expected to be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Claims and Judgments:

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year-end, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the City records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program. For governmental funds, if claims will not be liquidated from currently available resources, they are recorded only in the government-wide financial statements. A liability of \$19,444 is recorded in the City's General Fund.

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

Interfund Transactions:

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "noncurrent loans due to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental and proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation of the government-wide presentation.

Property Taxes:

Property taxes include assessments on both secured and unsecured property. Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments which are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10. The County of Los Angeles bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City in installments during the year. The City records property taxes as revenue when received from the County, except for property taxes received within 60 days after fiscal year-end, which are accrued at June 30th.

The County is permitted by State Law (Article XIII A of the California Constitution) to levy taxes at one percent (1%) of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase the property's value at no more than two percent (2%) per year. The City receives a share of this basic levy.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash and Investments:

The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2011:

	State	ment-wide ement of Assets	S	luciary Fund tatement of Assets and Liabilities		Total
Cash and investments	\$	6,710,041	\$	108,257	\$	6,818,298
Restricted cash and investments	£0	1,852,096	80			1,852,096
Total cash and investments	\$	8,562,137	\$	108,257	\$	8,670,394
Cash and investments at June 30, 2011 c	onsisted	of the follow	wing:			
Demand deposits					\$	3,596,920
Petty cash						1,200
Investments					-	5,072,274
Total cash and investments		10 4			\$	8,670,394

The City pools its cash and investments for all fund entities except for cash and investments held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated quarterly to the various funds based on the weighted average cash balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Investment Policies:

The City's investment policy outlines the guidelines required to be used in effectively managing the City's available cash in accordance with the California Government Code. Summarized below are the investment vehicles that are authorized and certain provisions of the policy that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

	Maximum	
	Allowable	Maximum
	Investment	Percentage
<u>Maturity</u>	Percentage	per Issuer
5 years	None	N/A
•		
5 years	45%	None
5 years	None	Lesser of
		\$1,000,000
		or 1%
180 days	40%	Lesser of
		\$1,000,000
		or 30%
15 days	15%	\$ 500,000
N/A	Unlimited	\$ 15,000,000
	5 years 5 years 5 years 180 days	Allowable Investment Percentage 5 years None 5 years 45% 5 years None 180 days 40%

N/A - Not Applicable

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Most of the City's investments are held in trust by a fiscal agent as required by the bond indenture. A table summarizing distribution of the City's investment by maturity as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Remaining Maturity
	(in Months)
	12 Months
Investment Type	or Less
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 2,870,178
Certificates of Deposits	350,000
Held by Bond Trustees:	
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,852,096
	\$ 5,072,274

See independent auditors' report.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk:

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required (where applicable) by the California Government Code or the City's investment policy and actual rating by Standard and Poors as of the year ended for each investment type:

			Ratings as of Year End			End
					Not	
		Minimum		F	Required	
	Total	Legal			to be	
Investment Type	 Investment	Rating	AAA		Rated	<u>Unrated</u>
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 2,870,178	N/A	\$	\$	-	\$ 2,870,178
Certificates of Deposits	350,000	N/A	-		350,000	_
Held by Bond Trustees:						
Money Market Mutual Funds	 1,852,096	A	1,852,096		_	
	\$ 5,072,274		<u>\$ 1,852,096</u>	<u>\$</u>	350,000	\$2,870,178

Concentration of Credit Risk:

At June 30, 2011, the City had no investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,596,920 and balances per bank were \$4,072,307 all of which are federally insured. The difference of \$475,387 represents outstanding checks, deposits in transit and other reconciling items.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Custodial Credit Risk (Continued):

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

Investment in State Investment Pool:

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS:

Due To and Due From:

Due to/Due from other funds at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Receivable	Payable	 Amount
General Fund	Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4 Debt Service Fund	\$ 22,236
Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4	0:1	1 500 725
Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	1,520,735
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	30,000
Water Enterprise Fund	Grants Special Revenue Fund Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund	1,556,792 204,263
Sewer Enterprise Fund	General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 513,672 1,501,795 5,349,493

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from interfund borrowings to cover operating deficits.

See independent auditors' report.

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED):

Long-term Advances:

At June 30, 2011, the City had the following interfund long-term advances:

Receivable	Payable		Amount
General Fund	Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4 Debt Service Fund (1)	\$	189,604
Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4			
Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds (2)		106,991
Low-income Housing			
Capital Projects Fund	Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4		
	Debt Service Fund (5)		1,906,947
	Other Governmental Funds (5)		141,864
Other Governmental Funds	Grants Special Revenue Fund (3)		531,054
Sewer Enterprise Fund	Grants Special Revenue Fund (3)		531,054
	Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4		
	Debt Service Fund (6)		463,000
	Water Enterprise Fund (4)		1,500,000
		<u>\$</u>	5,370,514

- (1) On June 2, 2003, the City entered into an agreement with the Redevelopment Agency whereby the City conveyed a property to the Agency for the initial down payment of \$825,000, as well as a 15-year note with a 5% interest rate and annual payments of \$209,544. On January 15, 2010, the loan was restructured to include additional accelerated payments of \$220,000 in 2011 and 2012. As of June 30, 2011, the outstanding balance on the note is \$189,604.
- (2) The interest is payable on the unpaid principal of the loan between Project Area #3 and #2, compounded annually on a 360 day year, at a rate calculated as the average rate earned on the funds deposited by the City into the Local Agency Investment Fund. The principal is due May 15, 2013.

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED):

Long-term Advances (Continued):

- (3) On May 7, 2001, the Other Governmental Fund (Retirement Tax Special Revenue Fund) and the Sewer Enterprise Fund advanced \$750,000 each to the Grants Special Revenue Fund. The interest is payable on the unpaid principal of the loan, compounded annually on a 360 day year, at a rate calculated as the average rate earned on the funds deposited by the City into the Local Agency Investment Fund. The principal is due within 20 years, or sooner if funds are available. As of June 30, 2011, the outstanding balance due to the Retirement Tax Special Revenue Fund and the Sewer Enterprise Fund are \$531,054 and \$531,054, respectively.
- (4) On October 18, 1999, the Sewer Enterprise Fund advanced \$1,500,000 to the Water Enterprise Fund. The interest is payable on the unpaid principal of the loan, compounded annually on a 360 day year, at a rate calculated as the average rate earned on the funds deposited by the City into the Local Agency Investment Fund. As of June 30, 2011, the outstanding balance of the advance is \$1,500,000.
- (5) On January 19, 2010, the Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund advanced \$2,063,811 to the Redevelopment Agency to cover the SERAF payment to the State. The advanced amount will be repaid in full by June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2011, the outstanding balance due to the Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund is \$2,048,811.
- (6) On February 16, 2010, the Sewer Enterprise Fund advanced \$463,000 to the Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4 Debt Service Fund to aid in the financing of redevelopment activities of the Agency. The interest is payable on the unpaid principal of the loan, compounded annually on a 360 day year, at a rate calculated as the average rate earned on the funds deposited by the City into the Local Agency Investment Fund. The principal is due May 15, 2014. As of June 30, 2011 the outstanding balance is \$463,000.

Transfers In and Transfers Out:

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
General Fund	Low-income Housing Capital		
	Projects Fund	\$	500,000
	Other Governmental Funds		3,428,994
	Water Enterprise Fund		61,000
	Sewer Enterprise Fund	76	60,000
Grants Special Revenue Fund	General Fund		100,000
Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund	Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4		
	Debt Service Fund		1,244,343
	Other Governmental Funds		102,785

See independent auditors' report.

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED):

Transfers In and Transfers Out (Continued):

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$	136,663
	Redevelopment Merged Project		
•	Areas #1, 2, 3, and 4		
	Debt Service Fund		812,889
	Other Governmental Funds	,	1,156,765
		\$	7,603,439

The Other Governmental Fund (Retirement Tax Special Revenue Fund) transferred \$2,228,272 to the General Fund for reimbursement of retirement costs.

The Other Governmental Funds, Water, and Sewer Enterprise Funds and RDA Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3, and 4 Capital Projects Fund transferred monies to the General Fund for operating maintenance costs. The Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund transferred \$500,000 to the General Fund as partial payment for the ability to develop affordable housing on property owned by the city.

The General Fund transferred \$100,000 to the Grants Special Revenue Fund for repayment of a long-term advance to the Retirement Tax Special Revenue and the Sewer Enterprise Funds.

Transfers by the Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4 Debt Service Fund and the Other Governmental Fund (Redevelopment Project Area #1A Debt Service Fund) for \$1,244,343 and \$102,785, respectively, to the Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund were for the required 20% set-aside funds.

The Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3, and 4 Debt Service transferred \$712,523 to the Other Governmental Funds (Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3, and 4 Capital Projects Fund) for related capital projects costs incurred.

The Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3, and 4 Debt Service Fund transferred \$100,366 to Other Governmental Funds for reimbursement of retirement costs.

The Other Governmental Funds transferred \$1,156,765 to Other Governmental Funds for related capital projects costs incurred.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in the Governmental Activities capital assets at June 30, 2011 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance at July 1, 2010 (As Restated)	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2011
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,397,105	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$ 4,397,105
Construction in progress	1,392,129	680,473		2,072,602
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	4,789,234	1,680,473	-	6,469,707
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	27,051,347	-	_	27,051,347
Improvements other than buildings	4,769,359	5,635	-	4,774,994
Machinery and equipment	6,824,228	921,642	-	7,745,870
Infrastructure	48,153,342	1,235,083	_	49,388,425
Total capital assets,				30
being depreciated	86,798,276	2,162,360		88,960,636
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(5,276,558)	(719,750)	-	(5,996,308)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,071,162)	(199,417)	-	(2,270,579)
Machinery and equipment	(4,733,947)	(539,729)	× =	(5,273,676)
Infrastructure	(25,683,520)	(1,332,424)	_	(27,015,944)
Total accumulated depreciation	(37,765,187)	(2,791,320)		(40,556,507)
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	49,033,089	(628,960)		48,404,129
Governmental activities	81			
capital assets, net	\$ 53,822,323	\$ 1,051,513	<u>\$</u>	\$ 54,873,836
**				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	9,018
Public safety		377,290
Public works		2,111,786
Parks and recreation		88,294
Community development	,	204,932
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	2,791,320

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED):

A summary of changes in the Business-type Activities capital assets at June 30, 2011 is as follows:

Business-type Activities:	Balance at July 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2011
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 26,345	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,345
Water rights	624,659	-	_	624,659
Construction in-progress		278,735	(246,425)	32,310
Total capital assets,			, ,	
not being depreciated	651,004	278,735	(246,425)	683,314
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	5,715,894	-	-	5,715,894
Improvements other than buildings	29,200	-	-	29,200
Infrastructure	21,238,805	139,805	-	21,378,610
Machinery and equipment	6,598,864	314,270	-	6,913,134
Vehicles	573,474			573,474
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	34,156,237	454,075		34,610,312
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(2,567,444)	(112,657)	-	(2,680,101)
Improvements other than buildings	(29,200)	-	-	(29,200)
Infrastructure	(11,479,291)	(416,163)	-	(11,895,454)
Machinery and equipment	(4,668,814)	(161,153)	-	(4,829,967)
Vehicles	(514,734)	(19,552)		(534,286)
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,259,483)	(709,525)		(19,969,008)
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	14,896,754	(255,450)		14,641,304
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 15,547,758</u>	\$ 23,285	\$ (246,425)	\$ 15,324,618

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Water Sewer Waste disposal	\$ 570,185 135,308 4,032
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 709,525

See independent auditors' report.

6. LOAN RECEIVABLE AND UNEARNED REVENUES:

The City uses Agency and Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds to provide housing rehabilitation loans to eligible applicants. Such loans are made to low and moderate-income persons to improve, rehabilitate, or replace residences. The City accounts for loans issued with Agency funds in the Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund. The CDBG fund's primary asset consists of notes receivable from participants that originated from HUD funds. The CDBG loans totaling \$430,600, when collected, are due back to the granting agency and therefore, are deferred at the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, in addition to a \$14,900 receivable consisting of unearned revenue.

Account balances related to these programs at June 30, 2011, consisted of the following:

Rehabilitation loan program recorded in the
Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund:
Loans receivable
Deferred revenue

First-time homebuyer program in the Community
Development Block Grant Fund:
Loans receivable
Deferred revenue

\$ 430,600
430,600

The Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement on July 2, 2007 to purchase a parcel of Agency-owned land (City yard). For consideration, the Agency received an initial down payment of \$500,000 and a ten-year note in the amount of \$5,069,335. For the Agency, the Agency recognized the portion of the sale financed by the note as deferred as this amount is not considered available to pay for current expenditures. The note payable is due in ten annual payments of \$125,000 and a balloon payment of \$3,819,335 at the end of the tenth year, June 30, 2017. No interest on any annual payment, paid on time, will be charged. Annual interest of 10% will accrue for any amount in default, until the default is cured. The loan receivable and deferred revenue balance for this agreement is \$4,694,335 as of June 30, 2011 and is recorded in the Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4 Debt Service Fund.

The Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement whereby the Agency loaned \$700,000 to a developer aid in the construction of the project. The loan accrues interest as follows: (i) 2% simple interest if the project is fully leased; or (ii) 4% simple interest if the project is not fully leased. Commencing on the first anniversary of the Interest Start Date of October 1, 2002, and each year thereafter, the interest accrued during the previous twelve (12) month period on one-half (1/2) of the principal shall be forgiven, if the project is occupied continuously during the previous twelve (12) month period. The loan payable is due in annual payments ranging from \$6,900 to \$46,056 over a period of 30 years maturing October 1, 2031. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the project was fully leased and occupied continuously during the previous twelve month period resulting in interest income of \$7,000. The Agency received \$80,800 in fiscal year 2010-2011 for accrued interest from prior years. The outstanding loan balance for this agreement is \$675,200 as of June 30, 2011 and is recorded in the Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4 Debt Service Fund.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011:

]	Balance at			Balance at	Due Within
	J_1	uly 1, 2010	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2011	One Year_
Bonded indebtedness	\$	12,850,000	\$ -	\$(1,180,000)	\$ 11,670,000	\$ 1,230,000
Less deferred amounts:			.5			
Issuance discount		(55,255)		5,413	(49,842)	
Subtotal		12,794,745	=	(1,174,587)	11,620,158	1,230,000
CHFA loan		1,181,862	30,830	(300,000)	912,692	-
Section 108 loan		2,002,000	2	(238,000)	1,764,000	252,000
County deferral		3,398,769	237,501	(5,893)	3,630,377	<u>⊷</u> 16
Claims payable (Note 9)		2,688,557	1,675,480	(1,350,481)	3,013,556	478,000
City of Los Angeles		209,641		(209,641)		-
Compensated absences		1,349,101		(133,187)	1,215,914	243,183
Other post-employment						
benefit obligation						
(Note 10)		2,757,485	2,485,403	<u>(898,937)</u>	4,343,951	
Total	<u>\$</u>	26,382,160	<u>\$ 4,429,214</u>	<u>\$(4,310,726)</u>	\$ 26,500,648	\$ 2,203,183

Bonded Indebtedness:

At June 30, 2011, bond indebtedness consisted of the following:

	Date Issued	Final Maturity	Interest Rate %	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Tax Allocation Bonds:					
1998 Project Area #1	June 1998	September 2014	4.00 - 5.25	\$ 1,320,000	\$ 430,000
1998 Project Area #3	June 1998	September 2014	4.00 - 5.25	6,360,000	2,030,000
2006 Project Area #3	December 2006	September 2020	3.25 - 4.125	11,490,000	9,210,000
Less: issuance discour	nt			_	(49,842)
Total				\$19,170,000	\$11,620,158

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED):

Bonded Indebtedness (Continued):

1998 Project Areas #1 and #3 Tax Allocation Bonds

In June 1998, the Agency defeased its 1987 and 1991 (Project Areas #1 and #3) Tax Allocation Bonds by placing a portion of the proceeds of the new 1998 Tax Allocation Bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments related to the Agency's 1987 and 1991 issuances. Accordingly, the trust assets and liability for the defeased debt are not included in the Agency's financial statements. In fiscal year 2002-2003, all defeased bonds were paid, and none remains outstanding.

The San Fernando Redevelopment Agency sold two series of bonds in the amounts of \$1,320,000 and \$6,360,000, for Project Areas #1 and #3, respectively, to provide funds to advance refund the 1987 Project Area #1 Bonds, the 1987 Project Area #3 Bonds and a portion of the 1991 Project Area #2 Bonds. A portion of the bond proceeds were used to finance additional redevelopment projects.

Annual interest rates on the tax allocation bonds for Project Area #1 range from 4.0% to 5.25% with interest payable semiannually. The bonds mature in amounts ranging from \$80,000 to \$115,000 through the year 2014. Bonds maturing on or after September 15, 2006 are subject to call or redemption prior to their stated maturity at a premium ranging from 2.0% in 2006 to 0.5% in 2008 and 2009, and at par thereafter. As of June 30, 2011 \$430,000 of the bonds were outstanding.

Annual interest rates on the tax allocation bonds for Project Area #3 range from 4.0% to 5.25% with interest payable semiannually. The bonds mature in amounts ranging from \$385,000 to \$545,000 through the year 2014. Bonds maturing after March 15, 2006 are subject to call or redemption prior to their stated maturity at a premium ranging from 2.0% in 2006 to 0.5% in 2008 and 2009, and at par thereafter. As of June 30, 2011 \$2,030,000 of the bonds were outstanding.

2006 Project Area #3 Tax Allocation Bonds

In December 2006, the Agency, Civic Center Redevelopment Project Area #3, issued \$11,490,000 of Series 2006 Tax Allocation Bonds for the completion of the aquatic center and the acquisition, construction and relocation to a new City yard and various street improvements. The bonds were issued on parity with the 1998 Tax Allocation Bonds. The bonds mature in annual installments ranging from \$420,000 to \$1,425,000 with coupon rates ranging from 3.25% to 4.125%. Interest payments are due each March 15 and September 15, commencing March 15, 2007. Final maturity of the bonds is September 15, 2020. As of June 30, 2011, \$9,210,000 of the bonds were outstanding.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED):

Bonded Indebtedness (Continued):

Future debt service requirements, for all bonded indebtedness, to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	I	Principal	 Interest		Total
2012	\$	1,230,000	\$ 448,358	\$	1,678,358
2013		1,280,000	395,445		1,675,445
2014		1,335,000	339,786		1,674,786
2015		1,390,000	281,616		1,671,616
2016		1,330,000	228,606		1,558,606
2017 - 2021		5,105,000	438,115		5,543,115
Subtotals		11,670,000	 2,131,926		13,801,926
Less deferred amounts:					
Issuance discount		(49,842)	 , aa		(49,842)
Totals	<u>\$</u>	11,620,158	\$ 2,131,926	<u>\$</u>	13,752,084

CHFA Loan:

On August 5, 2002, the City and California Housing Finance Agency (CHFA) entered into a Housing Enabled by Local Partnerships (HELP) loan agreement whereby the City borrowed \$1,000,000 from CHFA for the purpose of financing the development of affordable senior citizen rental projects in the City. The loan bears simple interest of 3% per annum. Interest is deferred and added to principal annually. Outstanding balance of the loan and any accrued interest is payable on August 5, 2012. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2011, was \$912,692.

Section 108 Loan:

The City and the County of Los Angeles entered into a loan agreement for a Section 108 loan in the amount of \$3,000,000 for the City's regional swimming pool facility. The loan bears interest at the rate per annum equal to 3 month-LIBOR plus 20 basis points (or such higher rate as may be imposed by HUD). The outstanding balance on the loan as of June 30, 2011 was \$1,764,000.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED):

Section 108 Loan (Continued):

Future debt service requirements, for the Section 108 loan, to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2012	\$	252,000	\$	93,297	\$	345,297	
2013		268,000		79,314		347,314	
2014		284,000		64,075		348,075	
2015		301,000		47,588		348,588	
2016		320,000		29,648		349,648	
2017		339,000	* <u></u>	10,136		349,136	
	*						
Totals	\$	1,764,000	\$	324,058	\$	2,088,058	

County Deferral:

The Agency and County of Los Angeles (the County) entered into an agreement whereby the County will defer tax increment (County Deferral) generated within the project area to meet the Agency's debt service obligations. The County Deferral, accrued at an interest rate of 7%, is to be repaid whenever the Agency receives property tax in excess of its bonded debt payment requirements. The County Deferrals are recorded as revenue when received by the Agency and reclassified as debt in the statement of net assets as noncurrent liabilities. At June 30, 2011, the balance of the County Deferral, including interest, was \$3,630,377.

City of Los Angeles:

On August 5, 2008, the City and the Los Angeles Fire Department entered into a repayment plan for outstanding supplemental annual fees from fiscal years 2003 through 2006. Annual fire department fees were deferred in anticipation of constructing a local fire department, which would have made the fees inapplicable. This construction did not occur and the City must repay the outstanding annual fees. During the year, the outstanding balance was paid off.

Compensated Absences:

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 2. This liability amounting to \$1,215,914 is expected to be repaid from future resources, typically liquidated from the General Fund.

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

8. CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN):

Plan Description:

The City of San Fernando participates in the Miscellaneous 3% at 60 and 2% at 55 (Tier I and Tier II) Risk Pools and the Safety 3% at 50 and 2% at 55 (Tier I and Tier II) Risk Pools of the California Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS), cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by PERS. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and District ordinance. Copies of the PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the PERS Executive Office -400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy:

The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by PERS. Active City employees are required to contribute 7% (Tier II), 8% (Tier I), or 9% (safety employees) of their annual covered salary to PERS. The City makes 50% of the contributions required of City general employees on their behalf and for their account and 100% for management and safety employees. The City is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The current rates for the Miscellaneous Tier I and Tier II Plans are 23.71% and 11.21% of covered payroll, respectively. The current rates for the Safety Tier I and Tier II Plans are 38.17% and 24.18% of covered payroll, respectively. The City's total contributions to CalPERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$2,344,640, \$2,498,872, and \$2,402,379, respectively and were equal to the required contribution for each year.

9. SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM:

Workers' Compensation:

The City maintains a program of self-insurance for any liability to City employees pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Laws of the State of California. A service agent administers this program. The City is self-insured for the first \$500,000 on each claim. A private insurance company up to the statutory limit provides insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured amount. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. At June 30, 2011, the amount of these liabilities was \$2,685,000. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information.

9. SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM (CONTINUED):

General Liability:

Additionally, the City is a member of the Independent Cities Risk Management Authority (the Authority), which provides member cities with general liability insurance. Specific coverage includes comprehensive and general automotive liability, personal injury, contractual liability, errors and omissions and certain other coverage. Annual premium payments are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. Each member city, including San Fernando, self-insures from the first dollar to a limit of \$1,000,000. Participating cities then share above the retention level of \$250,000 to \$20,000,000 per loss occurrence.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. At June 30, 2011, the amount of these liabilities was \$328,556. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. During the current fiscal year, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Annual settlements during each of the last three fiscal years have not exceeded insurance coverage in any year.

The Authority is comprised of Southern California member cities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. Each member city has a representative on the Board of Directors. The Board members elect officers of the Authority annually.

Changes in Self-Insurance Liability:

Changes in the reported liabilities resulted from the following:

2010 - 2011	<u> 2009 - 2010 </u>
\$ 2,688,557	\$ 2,757,556
1,675,480	187,001
(1,350,481)	(256,000)
\$ 3,013,556	\$ 2,688,557
	\$ 2,688,557 1,675,480 (1,350,481)

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

a. Plan Description:

The City contributes to a single-employer defined benefit plan to provide post-employment health care benefits. Specifically, the City provides health insurance for its retired employees and their dependent spouses (if married and covered on the City's plan at time of retirement), or survivors in accordance with Board resolutions. Medical coverage is provided for retired employees who are age 50 or over and who have a minimum of 5 years service with the City as long as such individuals retire within 120 days of separation from employment and receive a monthly retirement allowance. The City pays 100% of all premiums charged for the retiree and dependents under the health benefit plan administered by CalPERS in which the individual is able to select, on an annual basis, an insurance carrier from a number of insurance carriers. Medical coverage is provided for the surviving spouse of retired employees and the surviving spouse of active employees who upon death had attained age 50 and who had a minimum of 5 years of service with the City in addition to satisfying the requirement to retire within 120 days of separation. The City will pay 100% of the premiums charged until the surviving spouse remarries, becomes enrolled under another group health plan, or cancels coverage. The plan does not provide a publicly available financial report.

b. Funding Policy:

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City, City's Board of Directors, and/or the employee associations. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members. The City is currently funding this OPEB obligation on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the City paid \$898,937 in health care costs for its retirees and their covered dependents.

c. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded liabilities of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the component of the City's annual OPEB costs for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB asset.

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 2,487,845
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	110,299
Adjustment to ARC	 (112,741)
Annual OPEB cost	2,485,403
Contribution made	 (898,937)
Increase in Net OPEB obligation	1,586,466
Net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2010	 2,757,485
Net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2011	\$ 4,343,951

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED):

d. Three-Year Trend Information:

Annual OPEB cost, percentage of Annual OPEB Cost contributed, and Net OPEB Obligation (only available for the two years), are presented below:

			19	Actual	Percenta	ige of		
Fiscal		Annual	Co	ntribution	Annu	ıal	N	let OPEB
Year		OPEB		(Net of	OPEB	Cost	C	Obligation
Ended	311	Cost	Adjustments)		Contributed			(Asset)
6/30/2009	\$	2,119,349	\$	809,610	38.20)%	\$	1,309,739
6/30/2010		2,220,854		773,108	34.81	%		2,757,485
6/30/2011		2,485,403		898,937	36.17	'%		4,343,951

e. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of April 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$33,727,414, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded accrued liability (UAL) of \$33,727,414. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$7,991,271 and the ratio of the UAL to the covered payroll was 422.05%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the City are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

f. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED):

f. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued):

In the April 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost level percent of pay method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), inflation rate of 3.25%, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9% initially, reduced by .5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5%. The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability will be amortized as a level of percentage pay over a closed period of 28 years. It is assumed the City's payroll will increase 3.25% per year.

11. FUND BALANCES:

The City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", for the year ended June 30, 2011. The fund balances reported on the fund statements now consist of the following categories:

Nonspendable - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned - This classification includes amounts to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - This classification includes the residual balance for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balance first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

12. DEFICIT NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES AND EXCESS EXPENDITURES:

The following funds reported deficits in net assets/fund balances at June 30, 2011:

Major Fund:				
General Fund	\$8.	×	\$.	(619,317)
Grants Special Revenue Fund				(2,763,283)
Other Governmental Funds:				
Recreation Special Revenue Fund				(59,792)
Street Lighting Special Revenue Fund				(23,893)
Retirement Tax Special Revenue Fund				(611,751)
Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund				(7,034)
Redevelopment Merged Project Areas #1, 2, 3 and 4				
Capital Projects Fund				(172,323)
Redevelopment Project Area #1A Capital Projects Fund				(1,000,000)
Enterprise Fund:	3	9		
Waste Disposal				(81,426)

The deficits will be eliminated as follows:

The General Fund deficit will be eliminated by continuing to freeze staff positions as they become vacant. The period July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 there has been six full-time positions vacated. These positions will not be filled. In November 2011 the San Fernando Management Group has agreed to start contributing 50% of the employee portion of retirement costs and to forego tuition reimbursement for fiscal year 2011-12. Also, the Police Officer's Association is in the process of contract negotiations and there is significant savings to the City anticipated for fiscal year 2011-12. Management will continue to keep all options open to reduce operational costs.

The Grants Special Fund deficit will be eliminated by continuing to transfer annual funds from the General Fund (GF) to pay down the deficit. As the GF begins to build reserves, management will increase the GF transfer.

All Redevelopment Agency Funds deficits will be eliminated through the closing out of the funds due to State action of eliminating Redevelopment in California. The property tax increment revenues received in fiscal year 2011-12 prior to January 31, 2012 were sufficient to fully cover this deficit.

Recreations Special Revenue Fund deficit will be eliminated by reducing budgeted personnel appropriations to end fiscal year 2011-12 with a projected positive fund balance.

The Street Lighting Special Revenue Fund deficit will be reduced through increasing the contribution from Measure R Funds during fiscal year 2011-12 to end with a positive fund balance.

12. DEFICIT NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES AND EXCESS EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED):

Fund Deficits (Continued):

The Retirement Tax Special Revenue Fund deficit will be reduced through the new allocation of revenue this fund will receive in fiscal year 2011-12 due to the elimination of Redevelopment. This Fund is projected to end the year with a positive fund balance.

The Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund deficit will be eliminated by future revenues.

The Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund deficit will be eliminated by reducing personnel appropriations/charges in fiscal year 2011-12. Also, the cost allocation expense will be reduced. The combination of these actions will leave a positive fund balance by year-end.

The following funds reported expenditures in excess of appropriations:

				Actual	
*	Ap	propriations	Ex	penditures	 Variance
Major Funds:					
General Fund:					
General government:					
Treasurer	\$	145,000	\$	145,760	\$ (760)
City Attorney		239,008		272,543	(33,535)
Elections		44,795		45,753	(958)
Retirement and nondepartmental		3,248,592		3,967,893	(719,301)
Public safety:		P6.7 U68			3 2 2
Police		6,308,470		6,342,352	(33,882)
Community development		410,929		423,282	(12,353)
Public works		2,179,637		2,186,033	(6,396)
Grants Special Revenue Fund:		20 5 00.			
Community development		-		129,489	(129,489)
Other Governmental Funds:					
State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund:					
General government		21,070		50,372	(29,302)
Public works		7=		910	(910)
Quimby Act Fees Special Revenue Fund:					
Parks and recreation		9,000		10,247	(1,247)
Retirement Tax Special Revenue Fund:					
General government		968,286		1,040,460	(72,174)
Community Development Block Grant					
Special Revenue Fund:					
Community development		143,588		169,272	(25,684)
Capital outlay		709,461		897,811	(188,350)

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Various claims and lawsuits have been filed against the City in the normal course of business. Based upon information obtained from the City attorney and the self-insurance administrators, the estimated liability under such claims and litigation will not exceed the accrued self-insurance liability recorded in the government-wide statement of net assets.

CHFA Loan:

In connection with the CHFA loan disclosed in Note 7, the City entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement in March 2004 whereby the City's RDA would acquire a piece of land, under certain conditions, for \$1.4 million from a developer for the purpose of providing low income senior housing in the City. Upon the arrival of the development milestones specified in the agreement, the RDA would acquire the fee title to the land parcel, and grant the Developer a leasehold interest in the land parcel for a term of 75 years at an annual lease payment of \$10, and an option to extend for an additional 24 years at market rate rent. The RDA and the Developer anticipate the project would cost over \$14.5 million, and would be financed through a combination of sources including, but not limited to: HOME Funds from the Los Angeles Community Development Commission, LIHTC proceeds, Tax Exempt Bond proceeds, and deferred development fees.

SERAF Contingency:

Pursuant to AB 26 4x, a budget trailer bill, California redevelopment agencies were required to make Supplemental Education Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF) contributions totaling \$1.7 billion for the fiscal year 2009-2010 and \$350 million for the fiscal year 2010-2011. Under AB 26 4x, agencies may borrow a portion of the required contributions from their low and moderate income housing fund. Alternatively, sponsoring governmental agencies (the cities or counties) may elect to pay the SERAF contributions on behalf of their redevelopment agencies. On October 20, 2009, the California Redevelopment Association filed a class action lawsuit on behalf of all California redevelopment agencies, again challenging the SERAF obligations as unconstitutional. The court ruled that the SERAF obligations were not unconstitutional.

The Agency's SERAF contribution for the fiscal year 2009-2010 was \$2,063,811. The Agency borrowed funds from the Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund to make this payment.

The Agency's SERAF contributions for the fiscal year 2010-2011 was \$424,902. The Agency made this contribution with available reserves.

14. UNCERTAINTIES:

General Fund:

The City's General Fund expenditures have exceeded revenues for fiscal years 2006-2007, 2007-2008, 2008-2009, 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 by \$1,008,572, \$3,614,867, \$2,286,153, \$44,275, and \$721,701, respectively, resulting in a deficit fund balance of \$619,317 at June 30, 2011. Total fund balance at June 30, 2011 includes \$237,378 that is not available to finance current expenditures, resulting in an unassigned fund balance of \$856,695. In addition, the fund had a cash overdraft of \$377,009 at June 30, 2011 and had to borrow cash from other funds.

The following is an estimate (unaudited) of the undesignated fund balance at June 30, 2012 for the General Fund:

Deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2011	\$	(619,317)
Unavailable amount		(237,378)
Available fund balance as of June 30, 2011		(856,695)
Adopted budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2011-2012 (unaudited)		16,944,499
Adopted budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2011-2012 (unaudited)	(16,462,235)
Estimated fund deficit as of June 30, 2012 (unaudited)	\$	(374,431)

The General Fund is expected to have liquidity problems and will need to borrow cash from other funds in fiscal year 2011-2012.

In light of these facts, the City has taken a number of actions to augment the revenues and reduce expenditures for the fiscal year 2011-2012, and in future years, so as to increase the General Fund fund balance. Such measures include:

Controlling and reducing operational costs. This will be achieved through anticipated staff savings in all departments. Vacated unfilled positions and union concessions in fiscal year 2011-12 are anticipated to yield significant budgetary savings. During fiscal year 2011-12, the City is renegotiating with the City of Los Angeles the terms of its contracted fire services, reducing the cost to the City. The City renegotiated the MOU with the San Fernando Management Group, yielding savings to the City in fiscal year 2011-12. The City is concluding contract negotiations with the San Fernando Police Officer's Association (POA) in fiscal year 2011-12. Significant savings are anticipated as a result of a new contract with the POA. The City will begin contract negotiations in fiscal year 2011-12 with the Miscellaneous Group; significant savings is anticipated beginning with fiscal year 2012-13. Also, the City is looking closely at increasing revenue sources. Some examples are: applying for alternative fuel credits through the IRS for the sale of compressed natural gas (cng); reviewing the City's fee structure to ensure full cost recovery for services; and attracting new businesses to the City. The combination of these strategies is anticipated to yield substantial expenditure reductions and modest revenue increases in FY 2011-12 and ongoing. This will ensure the financial health and sustainability of the General Fund.

14. UNCERTAINTIES (CONTINUED):

Grants Special Revenue Fund:

For fiscal years 2006-2007, 2007-2008, 2008-2009, 2009-2010 and 2010-2011, the Grants Special Revenue Fund have fund deficit of \$4,778,220, \$5,434,321, \$3,160,301, \$2,524,797, and \$2,763,283, respectively. The following is an estimate (unaudited) of the fund deficit at June 30, 2012 for the Grants Special Revenue Fund:

Fund deficit as of June 30, 2011	\$ (2,763,383)
Adopted budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2011-2012 (unaudited)	3,134,613
Adopted budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2011-2012 (unaudited)	(2,797,207)
Estimated fund deficit as of June 30, 2012 (unaudited)	\$ (2,425,977)

In light of these facts, the City has taken a number of actions to augment the revenues and reduce expenditures for the fiscal year 2011-2012, and in future years, so as to increase the Grants Special Revenue Fund balance. Such measures include:

Closely monitoring all grants to ensure proper use of budgetary constraints and the collection of revenues due to the City. The City will continue to transfer funds from the General Fund to gradually reduce the deficit.

15. RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDVELOPMENT AGENCIES:

On June 29, 2011, the Governor of the State of California signed Assembly Bills 1x 26 and 27 as part of the State's budget package. Assembly Bill 1x 26 requires each California redevelopment agency to suspend nearly all activities except to implement existing contracts, meet already-incurred obligations, preserve its assets and prepare for the impending dissolution of the agency. Assembly Bill 1x 27 provides a means for redevelopment agencies to continue to exist and operate by means of a Voluntary Alternative Redevelopment Program. Under this program each City would adopt an ordinance agreeing to make certain payments to the County Auditor Controller in fiscal year 2011-12 and annual payments each fiscal year thereafter. Assembly Bill 1x 26 indicates that the City "may use any available funds not otherwise obligated for other uses" to make this payment. The City of San Fernando intends to use available monies of its redevelopment agency for this purpose and the City and Agency have approved a reimbursement agreement to accomplish that objective. The amounts to be paid after fiscal year 2012-13 have yet to be determined by the state legislature.

15. RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDVELOPMENT AGENCIES (CONTINUED):

Assembly Bill 1x 26 directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by Assembly Bill 1x 26. The Agency has transferred certain assets to the City subsequent to January 1, 2011, which may be subject to this requirement.

In the event that Assembly Bill 1x 26 is upheld, the interagency receivable recognized by funds of the City that had previously loaned or advanced funds to the redevelopment agency may become uncollectible resulting in a loss recognized by such funds. The City might additionally be impacted if reimbursements previously paid by the redevelopment agency to the City for shared administrative services are reduced or eliminated.

The League of California Cities and the California Redevelopment Association (CRA) filed a lawsuit on July 18, 2011 on behalf of cities, counties and redevelopment agencies petitioning the California Supreme Court to overturn Assembly Bills 1x 26 and 27 on the grounds that these bills violate the California Constitution. On August 11, 2011, the California Supreme Court issued a stay of all of Assembly Bill 1x 27 and most of Assembly Bill 1x 26. The California Supreme Court stated in its order that "the briefing schedule is designed to facilitate oral argument as early as possible in 2011, and a decision before January 15, 2012". A second order issued by the California Supreme Court on August 17, 2011 indicated that certain provisions of Assembly Bills 1x 26 and 27 were still in effect and not affected by its previous stay, including requirements to file an appeal of the determination of the community remittance payment by August 15, the requirement to adopt an Enforceable Obligations Payment Schedule (EOPS) by August 29, 2011, and the requirement to prepare a preliminary draft of the initial Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) by September 30, 2011.

Because the stay provide by Assembly Bill 1x 26 only affects enforcement, each agency must adopt an EOPS and draft ROPS prior to September 30, as required by the statute. Enforceable obligations include bonds, loans and payments required by the federal or State government; legally enforceable payments required in connection with agency employees such as pension payments and unemployment payments, judgments or settlement; legally binding and enforceable agreements or contracts; and contracts or agreements necessary for the continued administration or operation of the agency that are permitted for purposes set forth in Assembly Bill 1x 26.

On August 15, 2011, City Ordinance No. 1606 was adopted, indicating that the City will comply with the Voluntary Alternative Redevelopment Program in order to permit the continued existence and operation of the Agency, in the event Assembly Bills 1x 26 and/or 27 are upheld as constitutional.

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

15. RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDVELOPMENT AGENCIES (CONTINUED):

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1x 26 which dissolves the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Fernando on February 1, 2012, and struck down Assembly Bill 1x 27, which would have allowed the formation of new redevelopment agencies. By operation of Assembly Bill 1x 26, the City of San Fernando becomes the Successor Agency, with the responsibility to dissolve the Agency's operations.

Pursuant to the provisions of Assembly Bill 1x 26, on January 17, 2012 and February 6, 2012, the City in its capacity as Successor Agency adopted an Enforceable Obligation Payment Schedule (EOPS) and a Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund. The City staff is in the process of preparing a Preliminary Draft Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (PDROPS). The EOPS and PDROPS are similar payment schedules (with the PDROPS identifying sources of payment for obligations) that outline the fiscal obligations of the City in its capacity as Successor Agency from January 1, 2012 through July 1, 2012. These schedules are necessary so that the Successor Agency will be able to receive funding from the County of Los Angeles to pay its enforceable obligations.

On January 18, 2012, Moody's Investor Service downgraded by one notch all California tax allocation bonds rated Baa2 and above.

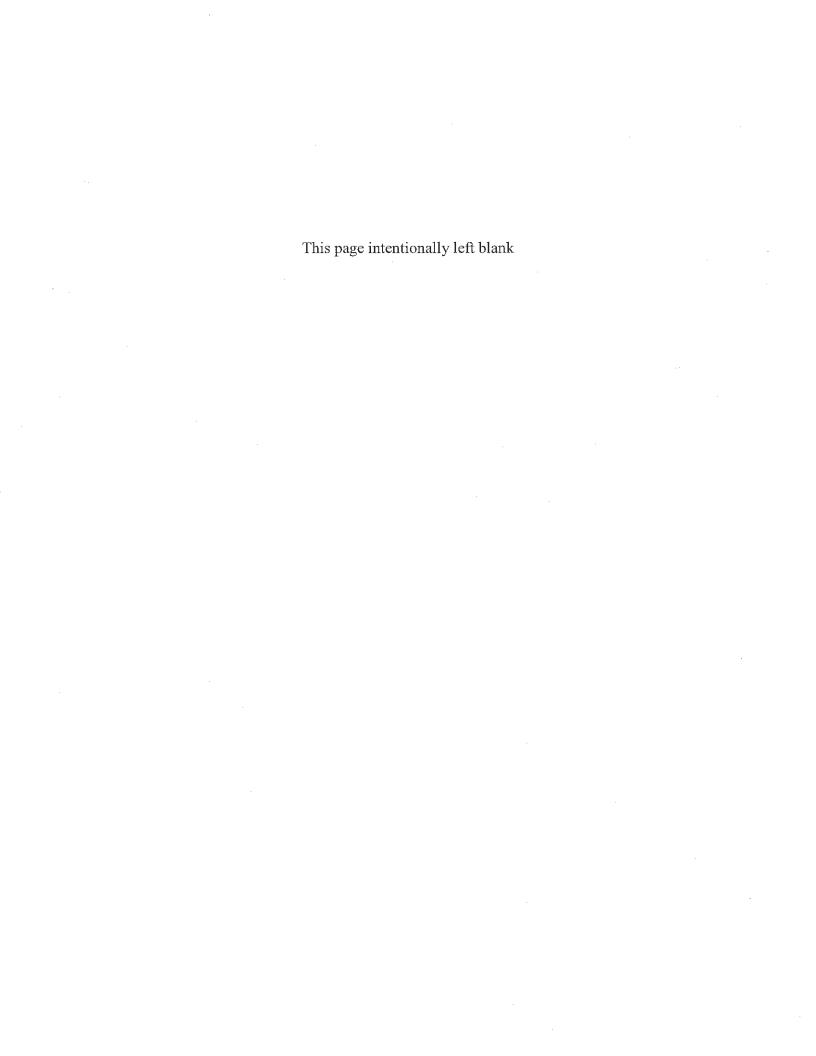
On January 24, 2012, Fitch placed all California bonds secured by tax increment revenue on Rating Watch Negative.

The impacts of Assembly Bill 1x 26 are difficult to determine, since there are many uncertainties. The uncertainties include whether the Legislature will adopt clean-up legislation and redevelopment reform legislation. The uncertainties also include existing and future litigation. There are also uncertainties created by the Successor Agency and Oversight Committee process, as well as the involvement of the County Auditor-Controller and the State Department of Finance. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

16. RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS:

The net assets of the governmental activities at July 1, 2010 were decreased by \$1,100,000 from \$39,123,925 to \$38,023,925, to remove capital assets recorded twice in prior years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

						Unfunded
						Actuarial
		Entry Age	Unfunded			Accrued
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Funded		Liability as a
Actuarial	Asset	Accrued	Accrued	Ratio	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Value	Liability	Liability	AVA	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	<u>(b) - (a)</u>	(a)/(b)	(c)	[(b)-(a)]/(c)
04/01/09	\$	\$ 27,397,966	\$ 27,397,966	0.00%	\$ 10,768,148	254.44%
04/01/11	_	33,727,414	33,727,414	0.00%	7,991,271	422.05%

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CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Major Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the year ended June 30, 2011

The City maintains 4 major governmental funds. Only 2 of those 4 funds have Budgetary Comparison Schedules presented as required supplementary information for the General Fund and all Major Special Revenue Funds as required by GASB Statement No. 34 as follows:

- General Fund
- Grants Special Revenue Fund

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		Budgeted	LAm	ount			Fin	iance with al Budget- Positive
		Original	Alli	Final		Actual		Vegative)
Revenues:	N N	Original		Tinai	-	Actual		(cgative)
Taxes	\$	6,745,200	\$	6,803,839	\$	6,789,846	\$	(13,993)
Licenses and permits	4	208,500		244,650	4	249,754		5,104
Charges for services		2,156,471		1,983,499		1,979,064		(4,435)
Fines and forfeitures		1,350,600		1,035,900		1,013,966		(21,934)
Investment earnings		317,579		357,000		351,860		(5,140)
Intergovernmental		2,524,519		2,597,194		2,555,168		(42,026)
Other		1,789,462		1,709,890		1,785,077		75,187
Total revenues		15,092,331		14,731,972		14,724,735	10	(7,237)
Expenditures: Current: General government:								
City council		116,232		110,982		109,331		1,651
Treasurer		145,000		145,000		145,760		(760)
Administration		477,006		434,861		431,004		3,857
City Attorney		239,008		239,008		272,543		(33,535)
City Clerk		123,270		122,020		119,715		2,305
Elections		53,000		44,795		45,753		(958)
Financial Management		675,260		600,242		591,493		8,749
Retirement and nondepartmental Public safety:		3,308,185		3,248,592		3,967,893		(719,301)
Police		6,246,734		6,308,470		6,342,352		(33,882)
Fire		3,258,270		3,473,668		3,473,668		-
Community development		431,139		410,929		423,282		(12,353)
Public works		2,539,049		2,179,637		2,186,033		(6,396)
Parks and recreation		1,245,987		1,169,807		1,119,709		50,098
Debt service:		-,,-		-,,-		-,,		,
Principal		209,642		209,642		209,642		
Total expenditures	<i>I</i> .	19,067,782		18,697,653		19,438,178		(740,525)
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(3,975,451)		(3,965,681)	-	(4,713,443)	<u> </u>	(747,762)
Other financing sources (uses):		4 144 505	8	4.115.606		4.040.004		((5 (12)
Transfers in		4,144,595		4,115,606		4,049,994		(65,612)
Transfers out		(100,000)		(100,000)		(236,663)		(136,663)
Sale of property	· ·	1.044.505	-	4.01.7.606	-	178,411		178,411
Total other financing sources (uses)	/ 	4,044,595		4,015,606		3,991,742		(23,864)
Net change in fund balance		69,144		49,925		(721,701)		(771,626)
Fund balance, beginning of year	9	102,384		102,384		102,384) -
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	171,528	\$	152,309	\$	(619,317)	\$	(771,626)

See independent auditors' report and note to required supplementary information.

	Budgete	d Amount		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				(1) Sautivo)
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 383	\$ 383
Intergovernmental	2,282,618	3,637,436	1,874,003	(1,763,433)
Other	1,041,363	1,041,363	20,524	(1,020,839)
Total revenues	3,323,981	4,678,799	1,894,910	(2,783,889)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	1,050,000	1,050,000	=	1,050,000
Public safety	336,858	1,186,871	724,169	462,702
Community development	100 mm (1)		129,489	(129,489)
Public works	1,050,955	1,786,356	24,395	1,761,961
Parks and recreation	89,800	175,700	160,569	15,131
Capital outlay	1,204,530	1,204,530	1,194,774	9,756
Total expenditures	3,732,143	5,403,457	2,233,396	3,170,061
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(408,162)	(724,658)	(338,486)	386,172
Other financing sources: Transfers in	<u> </u>		100,000	100,000
Net change in fund balance	(408,162)	(724,658)	(238,486)	486,172
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(2,524,797)	(2,524,797)	(2,524,797)	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (2,932,959)	\$ (3,249,455)	\$ (2,763,283)	\$ 486,172

1. BUDGETARY CONTROL AND ACCOUNTING:

The budget of the City is a detailed operating plan, which identifies estimated costs and results in relation to estimated revenues. The budget includes (1) the program, projects, series, and activities to be provided during the fiscal year, (2) the estimated resources (inflows) and amounts available for appropriation and (3) the estimated charges to appropriations. The budget represents a process through which policy decisions are made, implemented, and controlled. The City Charter prohibits expending funds for which there is no legal appropriation.

The City's procedures for preparing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are:

- The annual budget provides for the general operation of the City and is adopted by the City Council after the holding of a public hearing. The budget figures presented in the accompanying required supplementary information financial schedules represent the original and final revised budget and include proposed expenditures and related financing.
- The City Council approves total budget appropriations and may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. However, the City Administrator is authorized to transfer within individual fund budgets without the approval of City Council; however, total appropriations may not be exceeded at the department level. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. The appropriated budget covers City expenditures in the General Fund, and Special Revenue Funds. Project length plans are adopted for the capital projects funds with unexpended funds at June 30 re-appropriated in the following year. The debt service on bond issues constitutes a legally authorized "non-appropriated budget". During the fiscal year 2010-11 supplemental budget appropriations were approved by the City Council. The effects of the supplemental appropriations were minor.
- The City Council approves annual budgets for redevelopment funds only on a
 project-area-by-project-area basis and not on an individual fund basis, except for the
 Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund, therefore, there are no Schedules of Revenues,
 Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual presented for the
 Redevelopment Funds, except for the Low-income Housing Capital Projects Fund.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Commitments for materials and services, such as purchase orders and contracts, are recorded as encumbrances to assist in controlling expenditures. Encumbrances at year-end lapse, and then are added to the following year's budgeted appropriations.
- Annual budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis substantially
 consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Actual revenues and expenditures
 can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant reconciling items. No
 budgetary comparisons are presented for the Proprietary Funds, as the City is not legally
 required to adopt budgets for this type of fund.

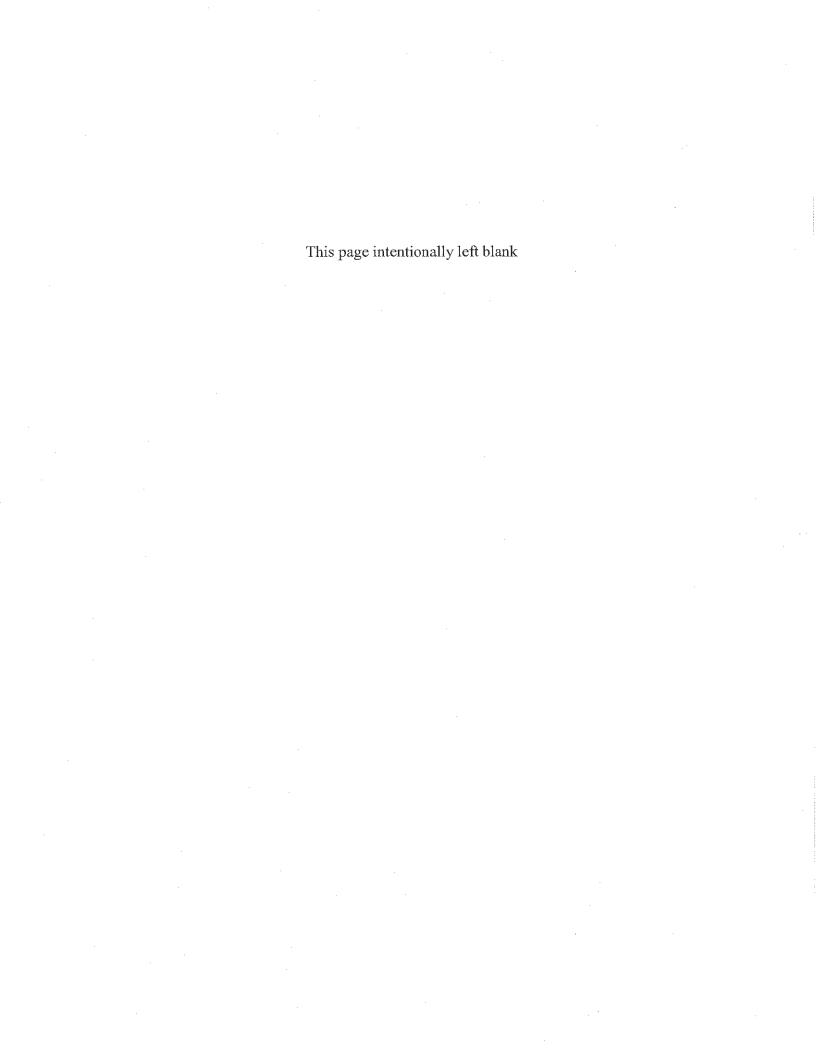
CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Note to Required Supplementary Information (Continued) June 30, 2011

1. BUDGETARY CONTROL AND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED):

Capital projects are budgeted through the Capital Projects Funds on a project-by-project basis.
 Appropriations for capital projects authorized but not constructed or completed during the year lapse at year-end, and are then included as part of appropriations in the following year's annual budget.

Budget information is presented as supplementary information for the other governmental special revenue funds. Budgeted revenue amounts represent the original budget modified by Council-authorized adjustments during the year which were contingent upon new, or additional revenue sources. Budgeted expenditure amounts represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations during the year. The budgets conform, in all material respects, to generally accepted accounting principles, which serves as the budgeting basis. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

The City maintains 23 other governmental funds and they are as follows:

- 19 Special Revenue Funds
- 2 Debt Service Funds
- 2 Capital Projects Fund

Assets		Special Debt Revenue Service Funds Funds			Capital Projects Funds			Totals		
<u>Assets</u>										
Cash and investments	\$	3,185,754	\$	387,398	\$	-	\$	3,573,152		
Receivables:										
Taxes		245,211		9,636		-		254,847		
Accounts		61,304		-		-		61,304		
Grants		342,510		-		-		342,510		
Due from other funds		A=		30,000		-		30,000		
Loans receivable		430,600		· ·		E .		430,600		
Advances to other funds		531,054		_		-		531,054		
Prepaid items		9,989		##		2€		9,989		
Land held for resale		-				468,733		468,733		
Total assets	\$	4,806,422	\$	427,034	\$	468,733	\$	5,702,189		
Liabilities and fund balances				20						
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	773,060	\$	27,556	\$	85,442	\$	886,058		
Accrued liabilities		31,742		,	-	4,879	-	36,621		
Deposits		1,067		-		-		1,067		
Retentions payable		108,898		_		-		108,898		
Deferred revenue		445,500		_		_		445,500		
Due to other funds		1,501,795		_		1,550,735		3,052,530		
Advances from other funds		-	()	248,855				248,855		
Total liabilities		2,862,062		276,411		1,641,056		4,779,529		
Fund balances (deficit):										
Nonspendable:										
Long-term receivables		430,600		-		-		430,600		
Advances to other funds		531,054		-		10 -1		531,054		
Prepaid items		9,989		-				9,989		
I and held for resale		-		_		468,733		468,733		
Restricted for:						8.11.17 X 11.15 (1)		3.5.5.72.5.5		
Transportation		2,218,119		140		<u>्</u>		2,218,119		
Air pollution		42,113		=		-		42,113		
Parks and recreation		385,993				-		385,993		
Public safety		605		,	*	_		605		
Debt service		_		150,623		_		150,623		
Unassigned		(1,674,113)).			(1,641,056)		(3,315,169)		
Total fund balances (deficit)	P <u></u>	1,944,360	184 <u></u>	150,623		(1,172,323)		922,660		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,806,422	\$	427,034	\$	468,733	\$	5,702,189		

CITY SAN FERNANDO Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Totals
Revenues:		THE IN A PART WAS A PROPERTY AND A PARTY OF THE PARTY OF	(No.	A. WALLES
Taxes	\$ 3,908,369	\$ 513,928	\$ -	\$ 4,422,297
Charges for services	718,537	175	=	718,537
Fines and forfeitures	169,333	-	-	169,333
Investment earnings	20,391	2,010	28	22,429
Intergovernmental	2,576,228	-	ŭ.	2,576,228
Other	285,304	**	_	285,304
Total revenues	7,678,162	515,938	28	8,194,128
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	1,144,555	44,999	173,477	1,363,031
Public safety	15,000			15,000
Community development	169,272	:=	1,241,002	1,410,274
Public works	724,927	-	149,962	874,889
Parks and recreation	1,051,920	-	=:	1,051,920
Pass-throughs	_	171,712	<i>₩</i> 7	171,712
SERAF	=	32,294		32,294
Capital outlay	1,640,659		5 0	1,640,659
Debt service:	e707			
Principal	238,000	5,893	≔ (r	243,893
Interest and fiscal charges	96,580	35,487		132,067
70				
Total expenditures	5,080,913	290,385	1,564,441	6,935,739
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	2,597,249	225,553	(1,564,413)	1,258,389
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	390,404	1 7	1,715,913	2,106,317
Transfers out	(3,549,762)	(1,106,176)	(32,606)	(4,688,544)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,159,358)	(1,106,176)	1,683,307	(2,582,227)
Net change in fund balance	(562,109)	(880,623)	118,894	(1,323,838)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	2,506,469	1,031,246	(1,291,217)	2,246,498
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,944,360	\$ 150,623	\$ (1,172,323)	\$ 922,660

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. The 19 other special revenue funds include:

<u>Proposition A Local Transit</u> - accounts for receipt and approved Local Transit Fund projects from a voter approved sales tax override for public transportation.

<u>Proposition C Discretionary</u> - accounts for the maintenance of the mile-long bike path along the Metrolink Corridor in San Fernando.

<u>State Gas Tax</u> - accounts for the City's share of motor fuel tax revenue restricted to maintenance and capital projects associated with motor vehicle travel.

<u>Traffic Safety</u> - accounts for receipts from traffic fines as levied by local courts. Some of these funds are transferred to the General Fund for traffic safety purposes. The fund is required by Section 1463(b) of the California Penal Code.

<u>Parking Maintenance and Operations</u> - accounts for parking receipts and maintenance of Business District parking facilities.

<u>Local Transportation</u> - accounts for state funds allocated by the State for local pedestrian facility development or improvement.

<u>Recreation</u> - accounts for receipts and the related expenditures from various recreation programs to be used for a specific program, such as sport leagues, craft and music classes, special events and concerts.

<u>Quimby Act Fees</u> - accounts for revenues from real estate developers, who are required under state law to provide and support park facilities.

Street Lighting - accounts for revenues and costs associated with the City's street lighting program.

<u>Measure R</u> - accounts for the receipt of Measure R funds. These funds are to be used to provide traffic relief.

<u>State Asset Forfeiture</u> - accounts for the receipts and disbursements of state seized and forfeited assets from sale of controlled substances.

<u>Federal Asset Forfeiture</u> - accounts for the receipts and disbursements of federal seized and forfeited assets from sale of controlled substances.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

<u>AQMD</u> - accounts for South Coast Air Quality Management District revenues. These funds may be used for various programs to reduce air pollution.

<u>State of Emergency</u> - accounts for the receipt and disbursement of disaster fund assistance as a result of the January 1994 earthquake.

<u>Cash-in-Lieu of Parking</u> - accounts for revenues and related expenditures from developers or builders who elect to pay a specified amount to the City instead of providing required parking.

<u>Pavement Management</u> - accounts for all of the pavement impact fees that are generated and the expenditures that are made related to the streets and highway infrastructure.

<u>Proposition C</u> - accounts for the receipt of the "half-cent" sales tax allocated by LACMTA. These funds are to be used to reduce traffic congestion, improve air quality, improve conditions of streets/freeways, and reduce foreign fuel dependence.

<u>Retirement Tax</u> - accounts for receipts from a voter approved special tax levy that is used to pay for a portion of the cost of the City's membership in the Public Employees Retirement System.

<u>Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)</u> - accounts for expenses of the Community Development Block Grant received through the County of Los Angeles.

		position A Local Transit		Proposition C Discretionary		State Gas Tax
Assets	ф	(50.006	ф	20.270	ф	750.000
Cash and investments	\$	452,936	\$	20,378	\$	758,232
Receivables: Taxes						70 240
Accounts		_		·-		78,240
Grants		-		_		
Loans receivable				_		
Advances to other funds		4		-		
Prepaid items						_
Total assets	\$	452,936	_\$	20,378	\$	836,472
Liabilities and fund balances						
Liabilities:	54					
Accounts payable	\$	47,611	\$	2	\$	220,830
Accrued liabilities		5,702		=		=
Deposits		-		0 3		
Retentions payable				=		23,835
Deferred revenue				~		-
Due to other funds				-	O limo	·
Total liabilities		53,313			7. 10	244,665
Fund balances (deficits):						
Nonspendable:						
Long-term receivables		=		=		-
Advances to other funds		-		=		-
Prepaid items		-		=		17
Restricted for:						
Transportation		399,623		20,378		591,807
Air pollution		(-		-		77=
Parks and recreation		4		¥		1.20
Public safety Unassigned		(5)		,		-
Onassigned	-				-	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Total fund balances (deficits)		399,623		20,378		591,807
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	452,936	\$	20,378	\$	836,472

Traffic Safety	Ma	Parking Maintenance and Operations		Local Transportation		Recreation		Quimby Act Fees		Street .ighting	N	Ieasure R
\$ 165,390	\$	27,038	\$	13,088	\$	-	\$	365,497	\$	5,626	\$	219,368
-		-		-		-		-		14,838		-
5,813				849		43,835		_		-		-
-		-		314		-		-		-		-
 107	,	<u>-</u>				9,989				-		-
\$ 171,203	\$	27,038	\$	13,937	\$	53,824	\$	365,497	\$	20,464	\$	219,368
\$ 4,253 288	\$	2,291 1,146	\$	7,275 -	\$	3,207 11,639	\$	1,978 60	\$	40,781 3,576	\$	154,800
- - -		1,067 - - -	·	- - - -		14,900 83,870		-		- - - -		17,200 - -
 4,541		4,504		7,275		113,616		2,038		44,357		172,000
_		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		9,989		-		-		-
166,662		-		6,662		-		-		-		47,368
-		22,534						363,459		-		-
 <u>-</u>		- -		-		- (69,781)		_ 		(23,893)		-
166,662		22,534		6,662		(59,792)		363,459		(23,893)		47,368
\$ 171,203	\$	27,038	\$	13,937	\$	53,824	\$	365,497	\$	20,464	\$	219,368

	A	tate sset feiture	A	deral sset feiture	AQMD		
Assets Cook and investments	\$	1.42	\$	460	ø	26.721	
Cash and investments Receivables:	2	143	\$	462	\$	36,721	
Taxes				121		5,392	
Accounts		_		<u> </u>		5,572	
Grants				(2)			
Loans receivable						_	
Advances to other funds		_		_			
Prepaid items						_	
repaid items					_		
Total assets	\$	143	\$	462	_\$	42,113	
Liabilities and fund balances				.9			
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	₩.	\$		\$	-	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		=	
Deposits		F-1		. M.		,=	
Retentions payable		- 3		1 -		-	
Deferred revenue		*1		-		jua.	
Due to other funds							
Total liabilities		-		-	<u> </u>		
Fund balances (deficits):							
Nonspendable:							
Long-term receivables		-				=	
Advances to other funds		-				-	
Prepaid items		77		7 		0=1	
Restricted for:							
Transportation		-		-		_	
Air pollution		-		-		42,113	
Parks and recreation		-		-		-	
Public safety		143		462		-	
Unassigned					-		
Total fund balances (deficits)		143	_	462	1	42,113	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	143	\$	462	\$	42,113	

State Emerg			h-in-Lieu Parking		avement magement	Pro	position C	R	etirement Tax	De	Community Development Block Grant		Totals
\$	-	\$	71,672	\$	499,082	\$	550,121	\$	-	\$	æ.	\$	3,185,754
	125		=				** =:		146,741		-		245,211
	-		-		55,491		=		-				61,304
	-		=		-		15.1				297,826		342,510
	-		-		9 . 		-		≥		430,600		430,600
	-		-		-		-		531,054		-		531,054
Yang a san a s							M	-	2=			*****	9,989
\$		\$	71,672	\$	554,573		550,121	\$	677,795	\$	728,426	\$	4,806,422
\$		\$		\$	167,693	\$	_	\$	<u>=</u>	\$	122,341	\$	773,060
• •	-		-	-	4,718		579				4,034		31,742
	-		.		: :=		57.7		M		-		1,067
	-				17,757		-		-		50,106		108,898
	-		— (-		-		430,600		445,500
	_	-	L /			1.0			1,289,546		128,379		1,501,795
<u>u</u>		e ereceti	_		190,168	Participan	579	<u> </u>	1,289,546	F	735,460		2,862,062
	<u></u>		(2)		n				_		430,600		430,600
	-		=		ű		-		531,054		32		531,054
	-		=		ā		-				-		9,989
	-		71,672		364,405		549,542				1.00		2,218,119
	-		-		_		-		<u>~</u> :		j <u>—</u>		42,113
	4		=		=		250		=		32	8	385,993
	-		-		3		-		4				605
	-	37		-	-			_	(1,142,805)		(437,634)	-	(1,674,113)
<u> </u>			71,672		364,405		549,542		(611,751)		(7,034)	-	1,944,360
\$	-	\$	71,672	\$	554,573	\$	550,121	\$	677,795	\$	728,426	\$	4,806,422

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Special Revenue Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Proposition A Local Transit	Proposition C Discretionary	State Gas Tax		
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 342,068	\$ -	\$ -		
Charges for services	23,963	Ξ:	-		
Fines and forfeitures	-	_	-		
Investment earnings	859	30	1,027		
Intergovernmental	950	5 1	980,993		
Other		71.	-		
Total revenues	366,890	30	982,020		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	42,639		50,372		
Public safety	7≅		=		
Community development	-	-	-		
Public works		(1.18) 1.18	910		
Parks and recreation	634,648	-	\$2.000 **********************************		
Capital outlay	A T .	æ	333,862		
Debt service:					
Principal	-	=	=		
Interest and fiscal charges			-		
Total expenditures	677,287		385,144		
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(310,397)	30	596,876		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	=		-		
Transfers out	M.		(597,678)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	(597,678)		
Net change in fund balances	(310,397)	30	(802)		
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	710,020	20,348	592,609		
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 399,623	\$ 20,378	\$ 591,807		

Traffic Safety	Parking Maintenance and Operations	Local Transportation	Recreation	Quimby Act Fees		
\$ -	\$ - 193,952	\$ -	\$ - 500,622	\$ -	\$ 336,113	\$ 212,085
168,539	1/3,/32	-	500,022	_	-	-
-	12,800	3	 x	530	·=	312
s =	=	15,992	-	е =	-	· = ·
				<u> </u>		-
168,539	206,752	15,995	500,622	530	336,113	212,397
			\$1			
2	u+	3	8 2 7	Me /	~	-
프	<u>12</u> %	_ =	=	_		-
	F	E	=	-	•••	-
23,130	94,254	120	-	-	369,121	·=
20.124	12.902	0.220	407,025	10,247	175	172.000
30,134	13,802	9,330	₹	#1	11=	172,000
*	——————————————————————————————————————	<u>=</u>	_	75 <u>-</u> 81	· ***	
	-	140			_	
53,264	108,056	9,333	407,025	10,247	369,121	172,000
115,275	98,696	6,662	93,597	(9,717)	(33,008)	40,397
					152 275	
(30,000)	-	-	(164,992)	-	153,375	(153,375)
(30,000)			(104,552)			(133,573)
(30,000)			(164,992)		153,375	(153,375)
85,275	98,696	6,662	(71,395)	(9,717)	120,367	(112,978)
81,387	(76,162)	<u> </u>	11,603	373,176	(144,260)	160,346
\$ 166,662	\$ 22,534	\$ 6,662	\$ (59,792)	\$ 363,459	\$ (23,893)	\$ 47,368

			State Asset rfeiture	Federal Asset Forfeiture		AQMD	
Revenues:	40	4					
Taxes	₽	\$	=	\$	=:	\$	~
Charges for services			704		***		-
Fines and forfeitures			794		12		2.4
Investment earnings			-		13		34
Intergovernmental Other			*				27,158
Other							
Total revenues		-	794		13		27,192
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	5%	15	-		-		
Public safety			-		15,000		
Community development			— (=		-
Public works			≌:				2 -
Parks and recreation			-		(=)		-
Capital outlay			5.1		#1 ###		_
Debt service:							
Principal			-		-		1-
Interest and fiscal charges			==	1			
Total expenditures					15,000		-
Excess of revenues over					\$		
(under) expenditures			794	·	(14,987)		27,192
Other financing sources (uses):		8					
Transfers in			H				
Transfers out			(18,536)		(1,001)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(18,536)		(1,001)		
Net change in fund balances			(17,742)		(15,988)		27,192
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		-	17,885		16,450		14,921
Fund balances (deficits), end of year		\$	143	\$	462	\$	42,113

State of Emergency		Cash-in-Lieu of Parking		Pavement Management		Pro	position C	Retirement Tax		Community Development Block Grant		7 <u></u>	Totals
9	6 -	\$	₩.	\$	-	\$	283,930	\$	2,734,173	\$	-	\$	3,908,369
	-		=		-		1=		-3		= 3		718,537
	_		-		+				H		=		169,333
	=		303		925		693		2,862		=		20,391
	=						-		41,273		1,510,812		2,576,228
_			<u>*</u>		229,926		-		53,543		1,835	-	285,304
-	7=		303	-	230,851		284,623		2,831,851		1,512,647	B	7,678,162
	_		141		-		11,081		1,040,460		_		1,144,555
	_		-		:=		-		-,0,0,100		₩.		15,000
	_		-		(4)		_		\ <u></u>		169,272		169,272
	*		-		97,483		21,044		-		118,985		724,927
	-		-				-		(-)		_		1,051,920
	5				183,720		=		XE.		897,811		1,640,659
	_		_		199		_		_		238,000		238,000
	F		<u> </u>		-		_	_	\ <u>-</u>		96,580		96,580
82 <u>-</u>		6 <u>100</u> 58			281,203		32,125	·	1,040,460	-	1,520,648	94 <u>-</u>	5,080,913
			303		(50,352)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	252,498	i	1,791,391		(8,001)	9 00	2,597,249
	136,663		-		- (240,000)		- (115,908)		100,366 (2,228,272)				390,404 (3,549,762)
_	-	-			(240,000)		(113,900)	-	(4,440,414)	-		-	(3,349,702)
	136,663				(240,000)	X 	(115,908)	ja 0	(2,127,906)		Name :		(3,159,358)
	136,663		303		(290,352)		136,590		(336,515)		(8,001)		(562,109)
1.	(136,663)	8	71,369		654,757	2	412,952		(275,236)		967		2,506,469
_ 9	<u> </u>	\$	71,672	\$	364,405	\$	549,542	\$	(611,751)	\$	(7,034)	\$	1,944,360

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Proposition A Local Transit For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	l Am o	unt			Fina	ance with I Budget- ositive
× ·		Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:		<u> </u>	5.00					
Taxes	\$	340,883	\$	340,883	\$	342,068	\$	1,185
Charges for services		30,000		30,000		23,963		(6,037)
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000) <u></u>	859	-	(4,141)
Total revenues	0.	375,883		375,883		366,890		(8,993)
Expenditures:								
Current:		10.620		40.600		42.620		
General government		42,639		42,639		42,639		
Parks and recreation		722,117	S	722,117	-	634,648		87,469
Total expenditures	1.4	764,756	_	764,756	7	677,287		87,469
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(388,873)		(388,873)		(310,397)		78,476
Fund balance, beginning of year) 11.1.1.1.1.11.1	710,020		710,020	ā n	710,020		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	321,147	\$	321,147	\$	399,623	\$	78,476

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Proposition C Discretionary For the year ended June 30, 2011

	-	Budgete	d Amo i			Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
_	C	Priginal		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues: Investment earnings	\$	200	\$	200	\$	30	\$	(170)
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u></u>	20,348		20,348	-	20,348		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	20,548	\$	20,548	\$	20,378	\$	(170)

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Gas Tax For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted	l Amount		Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:			1100001			
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,027	\$ 1,027		
Intergovernmental	574,383	574,383	980,993	406,610		
Total revenues	574,383	574,383	982,020	407,637		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	21,070	21,070	50,372	(29,302)		
Public works			910	(910)		
Capital outlay	403,148	403,148	333,862	69,286		
Total expenditures	424,218	424,218	385,144	39,074		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	150,165	150,165	596,876	446,711		
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	(661,000)	(661,000)	(597,678)	63,322		
Net change in fund balance	(510,835)	(510,835)	(802)	510,033		
Fund balance, beginning of year	592,609	592,609	592,609			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 81,774	\$ 81,774	\$ 591,807	\$ 510,033		

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Traffic Safety For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted	ł Amo	unt			Fina	iance with al Budget- Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues:		9.	<u> </u>		.		
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 135,959	\$	135,959	\$	168,539	\$	32,580
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works	56,500		56,500		23,130		33,370
Capital outlay	 67,000		67,000		30,134	\	36,866
Total expenditures	 123,500	· · · · · · ·	123,500	0	53,264		70,236
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	12,459		12,459		115,275		102,816
Other financing uses:							
Transfers out	 			<u></u>	(30,000)		(30,000)
Net change in fund balance	12,459		12,459		85,275		72,816
Fund balance, beginning of year	 81,387		81,387		81,387	(0	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 93,846	\$	93,846	\$	166,662	\$	72,816

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Parking Maintenance and Operations For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amo	unt			Fina	iance with al Budget- Positive
		Original Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:				V-	W -			
Charges for services	\$	220,688	\$	220,688	\$	193,952	\$	(26,736)
Investment earnings		12,800	Ye.	12,800	F)	12,800	·	<u> </u>
Total revenues	e 	233,488	100	233,488		206,752	4	(26,736)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		135,183		135,183		94,254		40,929
Capital outlay	(38,225		38,225	<u> </u>	13,802		24,423
Total expenditures		173,408		173,408	B	108,056		65,352
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		60,080		60,080		98,696		38,616
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	:	(76,162)		(76,162)	eù	(76,162)		W
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(16,082)	\$	(16,082)	\$	22,534	\$	38,616

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Local Transportation
For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amou	nt			Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
)riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3	\$	3	
Intergovernmental				-		15,992		15,992	
Total revenues		No.				15,995	nd so so oss	15,995	
Expenditures:									
Current:		2				2			
General government		3		3		3		1 470	
Capital outlay	-	10,800	-	10,800	8	9,330		1,470	
Total expenditures		10,803	: <u></u>	10,803	0	9,333		1,470	
Excess of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		(10,803)		(10,803)		6,662		17,465	
Fund balance, beginning of year		-	1.	-			19	~	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(10,803)	\$	(10,803)	\$	6,662	\$	17,465	

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Recreation For the year ended June 30, 2011

	<u> </u>	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget Positive					
		Original	The establishment	Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:		•							
Charges for services	\$	765,083	\$	765,083	\$	500,622	\$	(264,461)	
Expenditures: Current:									
Parks and recreation	-	690,996		690,996		407,025	<u> </u>	283,971	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		74,087		74,087		93,597		19,510	
Other financing uses: Transfers out	Manufachthygygygy	(164,992)	<u></u>	(164,992)		(164,992)			
Net change in fund balance		(90,905)		(90,905)		(71,395)		19,510	
Fund balance, beginning of year	į.	11,603		11,603	2.	11,603		-	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	(79,302)	\$	(79,302)	\$	(59,792)	\$	19,510	

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Quimby Act Fees For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted A	Amount				Final	ince with Budget- ositive	
	Orig		Fina	al	A	ctual	(Negative)		
Revenues:) I			30		
Investment earnings	\$		\$	-	\$	530	\$	530	
Total revenues	<u> </u>			-	5	530	(530	
Expenditures: Current:									
Parks and recreation		9,000		9,000		10,247		(1,247)	
Capital outlay	2	200,000		00,000	2			200,000	
Total expenditures	2	209,000	20	9,000		10,247		198,753	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2	209,000)	(20	9,000)		(9,717)		199,283	
Fund balance, beginning of year	3	73,176	37	73,176		373,176		-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1	64,176	\$ 16	54,176	\$	363,459	\$	199,283	

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Street Lighting For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	l Amo	.rrant			Fin	riance with al Budget- Positive
		Original	Amo	Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:		Original	-	r mar			(regative)	
Taxes		474,649	\$	474,649	\$	336,113	_\$	(138,536)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		370,095		370,095		369,121		974
Capital outlay		4,000		4,000				4,000
Total expenditures	-	374,095	P	374,095	<u>-</u>	369,121		4,974
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		100,554		100,554		(33,008)		(133,562)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in			•	_		153,375		153,375
Net change in fund balance		100,554		100,554		120,367		19,813
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		(144,260)	0	(144,260)		(144,260)	0	<u> </u>
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	(43,706)	\$	(43,706)	\$	(23,893)	\$	19,813

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Measure R
For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	l Amo	unt			Final	nce with Budget- sitive
	(Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:					W.	2000000 10000000		
Taxes	\$	212,065	\$	212,065	\$	212,085	\$	20
Investment earnings	·			-		312		312
Total revenues		212,065		212,065		212,397		332
Expenditures: Capital outlay			,	172,000		172,000		:
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		212,065		40,065		40,397		332
Other financing uses: Transfers out		(153,375)		(153,375)	1	(153,375)		_
Net change in fund balance		58,690		(113,310)		(112,978)		332
Fund balance, beginning of year	,	160,346		160,346	[6]	160,346	10 9X	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	219,036	\$	47,036	\$	47,368	\$	332

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Asset Forfeiture For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	l Amo			Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	<u>Original</u>			Final		Actual		egative
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	794	\$	794
Other financing uses: Transfers out		(19,463)		(19,463)		(18,536)	ı 	927
Net change in fund balance		(19,463)		(19,463)		(17,742)		1,721
Fund balance, beginning of year		17,885		17,885	-	17,885	3	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(1,578)	\$	(1,578)	\$	143	\$	1,721

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Federal Asset Forfeiture For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amount							Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	(Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues:	1.0	vato:			77.					
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13	\$	13		
Expenditures:										
Current:				4.5.000						
Public safety		15,000		15,000		15,000		-		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(15,000)		(15,000)		(14,987)		13		
Other financing uses:				// na/\						
Transfers out	1.	(1,001)	_	(1,001)		(1,001)				
Net change in fund balance		(16,001)		(16,001)		(15,988)		13		
Fund balance, beginning of year		16,450		16,450	-	16,450	earp construments			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	449	\$	449	\$	462	\$	13		

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
AQMD
For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted Amount						Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)			
Revenues:										
Investment earnings	\$	Ē	\$	-	\$	34	\$	34		
Intergovernmental	£	29,000		29,000		27,158	<u> </u>	(1,842)		
Total revenues		29,000		29,000		27,192		(1,808)		
Fund balance, beginning of year		14,921		14,921		14,921	8	-		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	43,921	\$	43,921	\$	42,113	\$	(1,808)		

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Cash-in-Lieu of Parking For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted	l Amoi	ınt			Final	nce with Budget- sitive
	Priginal		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues: Investment earnings	\$ -	\$	-	\$	303	\$	303
Fund balance, beginning of year	 71,369	***************************************	71,369	· ·	71,369		<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 71,369	\$	71,369	\$	71,672	\$	303

		Budgeted	l Amo	unt			Fina	iance with al Budget- Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:	-		3			,,,	10.0	
Investment earnings	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	925	\$	(1,075)
Other	Į.	241,667	Ø	241,667	-	229,926	<u> </u>	(11,741)
Total revenues		243,667	-	243,667		230,851	D. C.	(12,816)
Expenditures:								
Current:		700 N 707 CON				WC - Superior		1988 N. 1888 N. 188
Public works		112,998		112,998		97,483		15,515
Capital outaly		100,000		187,912		183,720		4,192
Total expenditures		212,998		300,910		281,203		19,707
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		30,669		(57,243)		(50,352)		6,891
Other financing uses: Transfers out	-	(240,000)	1	(240,000)	***************************************	(240,000)		-
Net change in fund balance		(209,331)		(297,243)		(290,352)		6,891
Fund balance, beginning of year	,	654,757		654,757	A.	654,757	5Å 5Å	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	445,426	\$	357,514	\$	364,405	\$	6,891

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Proposition C For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amo	unt			Fina	ance with l Budget- ositive
	(Original		Final		Actual	5750	egative)
Revenues:	8		511	1/4	0.		5%	
Taxes	\$	282,753	\$	282,753	\$	283,930	\$	1,177
Investment earnings	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		N y	693	-	693
Total revenues		282,753	-	282,753		284,623	-	1,870
Expenditures:								
Current:						10-10-10-10-10-1		
General government		11,081		11,081		11,081		-
Public works		77,905		77,905		21,044		56,861
Total expenditures		88,986		88,986		32,125		56,861
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		193,767		193,767		252,498		58,731
Other financing uses: Transfers out		(115,908)		(115,908)		(115,908)		
Net change in fund balance		77,859		77,859		136,590		58,731
Fund balance, beginning of year		412,952	-	412,952	y -1-1-1-1	412,952		_
Fund balance, end of year	\$	490,811	\$	490,811	\$	549,542	\$	58,731

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Retirement Tax For the year ended June 30, 2011

				Variance with Final Budget-
		l Amount		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	A 000 010		A 2504150	* (600 dom)
Taxes	\$ 2,837,310	\$ 2,837,310	\$ 2,734,173	\$ (103,137)
Investment earnings	4,100	4,100	2,862	(1,238)
Intergovernmental	40,700	40,700	41,273	573
Other	·	<u>(i) </u>	53,543	53,543
Total revenues	2,882,110	2,882,110	2,831,851	(50,259)
Expenditures:				
Current:	1201212 (2021)2		A 0 900 9000	2002 F050 F0
General government	968,286	968,286	1,040,460	(72,174)
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	1,913,824	1,913,824	1,791,391	(122,433)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	S. .	100,366	100,366
Transfers out	(2,215,407)	(2,215,407)	(2,228,272)	(12,865)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,215,407)	(2,215,407)	(2,127,906)	87,501
Net change in fund balance	(301,583)	(301,583)	(336,515)	(34,932)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(275,236)	(275,236)	(275,236)	-
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (576,819)	\$ (576,819)	\$ (611,751)	\$ (34,932)

	Budgeted	Amount		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,656,690	\$ 1,691,590	\$ 1,510,812	\$ (180,778)
Other	-		1,835	1,835
Total revenues	1,656,690	1,691,590	1,512,647	(178,943)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Community development	1,539,651	143,588	169,272	(25,684)
Public works	=	118,987	118,985	2
Capital outlay	-	709,461	897,811	(188,350)
Debt service:				
Principal	238,000	238,000	238,000	<u></u>
Interest and fiscal charges	105,995	105,995	96,580	9,415
Total expenditures	1,883,646	1,316,031	1,520,648	(204,617)
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(226,956)	375,559	(8,001)	(383,560)
Fund balance, beginning of year	967	967	967	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (225,989)	\$ 376,526	\$ (7,034)	\$ (383,560)

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DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for interest and principal on general obligation debt, including tax allocation bonds and long-term notes payable, of governmental funds. The 2 other debt service funds include:

- Redevelopment Project Area #1A
- Public Financing Authority

	Redevelopment Project Area #1A		Public Financing Authority			Totals
Assets Cash and investments	\$	387,398	\$		\$	387,398
Receivables:	Φ	301,390	Ф		Φ	301,390
Taxes		9,636				9,636
Due from other funds		30,000			O -	30,000
Total assets	\$	427,034	\$	-	\$	427,034
<u>Liabilities</u> and fund balances						8
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	27,556	\$	-	\$	27,556
Advances from other funds	J 	248,855	ED.	-		248,855
Total liabilities		276,411		_		276,411
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
Debt service	XI.	150,623	ş <u>ı</u>		-	150,623
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	427,034	\$	_	\$	427,034

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Debt Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Redevelopment Project Area #1A			Public Financing Authority		Totals
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	513,928	\$	-	\$	513,928
Investment earnings		2,010				2,010
Total revenues		515,938			A.	515,938
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		44,999		-		44,999
Pass-throughs		171,712		-		171,712
SERAF		32,294		-		32,294
Debt service:						
Principal		5,893		-		5,893
Interest and fiscal charges		35,487	17 <u></u>			35,487
Total expenditures	(Area	290,385		-	16 5	290,385
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		225,553		-		225,553
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	-	(1,106,176)	**			(1,106,176)
Net change in fund balance		(880,623)		~		(880,623)
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,031,246				1,031,246
Fund balances, end of year	\$	150,623	\$		\$	150,623

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CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. The 2 other capital projects funds include:

- Redevelopment Merged Project Area #1, 2, 3 and 4
- Redevelopment Project Area #1A

	Redevelopment Merged Project Area #1, 2, 3, 4			levelopment Project Area #1A		Totals		
Assets								
Land held for resale	\$	271,193	\$	197,540	\$	468,733		
Liabilities and fund balances			×					
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	85,442	\$	7=	\$	85,442		
Accrued liabilities		4,879		-		4,879		
Due to other funds	<u>~</u>	353,195		1,197,540	7	1,550,735		
Total liabilities		443,516		1,197,540	§	1,641,056		
Fund balances (deficits):								
Nonspendable:								
Land held for resale		271,193		197,540		468,733		
Unassigned		(443,516)	<u> </u>	(1,197,540)	(-	(1,641,056)		
Total fund balances (deficits)		(172,323)		(1,000,000)	-	(1,172,323)		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	271,193	\$	197,540	\$	468,733		

я	Redevelopment Merged Project Area #1, 2, 3, 4	Redevelopment Project Area #1A	Totals		
Revenues:	\$ 28	\$ -	\$ 28		
Investment earnings	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 20		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	173,477	-	173,477		
Community development	241,002	1,000,000	1,241,002		
Public works	149,962		149,962		
Total expenditures	564,441	1,000,000	1,564,441		
Excess of revenues over	/#//s	(4.000.000)	71 F21 110\		
(under) expenditures	(564,413)	(1,000,000)	(1,564,413)		
Other financing sources (uses):		0			
Transfers in	712,523	1,003,390	1,715,913		
Transfers out	(32,606)		(32,606)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	679,917	1,003,390	1,683,307		
Net change in fund balance	115,504	3,390	118,894		
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	(287,827)	(1,003,390)	(1,291,217)		
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ (172,323)	\$ (1,000,000)	\$ (1,172,323)		

		Budgeted	Ame	ount			Fin	iance with al Budget- Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(1)	Vegative)
Revenues:		24,3696.22	āts.	3.3	-			
Investment earnings	\$	38,000	\$	38,000	\$	48,647	\$	10,647
Other	1	412,762		412,762	-	104,175		(308,587)
Total revenues	()	450,762	-	450,762	<u>-</u>	152,822		(297,940)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		648,979		659,979		537,866		122,113
Community development		728,201		728,201		401,911		326,290
Debt service:								120
Principal					1.000	300,000	•	(300,000)
Total expenditures	9	1,377,180		1,388,180		1,239,777		148,403
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(926,418)		(937,418)		(1,086,955)		(149,537)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		1,406,800		1,406,800		1,347,128		(59,672)
Transfer out	19			(800,000)		(500,000)	<u> </u>	300,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,406,800	85	606,800	77 PW S	847,128		240,328
Net change in fund balance		480,382		(330,618)		(239,827)		90,791
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	2,381,408	_	2,381,408		2,381,408		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,861,790	\$	2,050,790	\$	2,141,581	\$	90,791

FIDUCIARY FUND

Agency Fund - This fund is used to account for funds received by the City as an agent for other entities.

	Balance July 1, 2010	A	dditions	ons Deletions		Balance June 30, 2011	
ASSETS: Cash and investments Prepaid expenses	\$ 101,316	\$	119,184 808	\$	112,243	\$	108,257 808
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 101,316	\$	119,992	\$	112,243	\$	109,065
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Deposits	\$ 101,316	\$	41,250 119,183	\$	40,028 112,656	\$	1,222 107,843
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 101,316	\$	160,433	\$	152,684	\$	109,065

STATISTICAL SECTION



CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Description of Statistical Section Contents June 30, 2011

This part of the City of San Fernando's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:	Pages
<u>Financial Trends</u> theses schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	114
Revenue Capacity these schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	124
<u>Debt Capacity</u> these schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	131
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> these schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	136
Operating Information these schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	139

	Fiscal Year							
		2003		2004		2005		2006
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	15,320,572 924,063 (4,377,772)	\$	16,844,545 924,257 (4,811,226)	\$	18,598,023 931,708 (5,875,097)	\$	19,972,495 8,528,754 (7,970,119)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	11,866,863	\$	12,957,576	\$	13,654,634		20,531,130
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$	7,097,735	\$	7,606,136	\$	7,635,859	\$	7,321,367
Unrestricted		7,834,074		6,723,623		7,701,850		8,523,702
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	14,931,809	\$	14,329,759	\$	15,337,709	\$	15,845,069
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	22,418,307 924,063 3,456,302	\$	24,450,681 924,257 1,912,397	\$	26,233,882 931,708 1,826,753	\$	27,293,862 8,528,754 553,583
Total primary government net assets	\$	26,798,672	\$	27,287,335	\$	28,992,343	\$	36,376,199

GASB 34 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Information prior to implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

	Fiscal Year								
2007		2008	2009	2010	2011				
\$	43,237,994 11,957,932 (10,844,681)	\$ 42,548,031 13,204,186 (11,650,513)	\$ 42,804,903 14,329,955 (14,751,986)	\$ 42,262,518 14,364,410 (17,503,004)	\$ 43,598,683 13,040,082 (19,365,287)				
\$	44,351,245	\$ 44,101,704	\$ 42,382,872	\$ 39,123,924	\$ 37,273,478				
			(<u> </u>						
\$	17,439,596 - 7,858,369	\$ 16,950,800 - - - 7,846,843	\$ 16,267,470 - - 7,920,801	\$ 15,547,758 - 7,206,906	\$ 15,324,618 - - 7,733,239				
\$	25,297,965	\$ 24,797,643	\$ 24,188,271	\$ 22,754,664	\$ 23,057,857				
\$	60,677,590 11,957,932	\$ 59,498,831 13,204,186	\$ 59,072,373 14,329,955	\$ 57,810,276 14,364,410	\$ 58,923,301 13,040,082				
-	(2,986,312)	(3,803,670)	(6,831,185)	(10,296,098)	(11,632,048)				
\$	69,649,210	\$ 68,899,347	\$ 66,571,143	\$ 61,878,588	\$ 60,331,335				

	2003	2004	1 Year 2005	2006
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 6,414,558	\$ 5,781,612	\$ 7,701,673	\$ 7,065,983
Public safety	7,093,437	8,091,125	8,588,373	8,761,669
Community development	3,756,565	3,560,256	3,149,303	2,859,514
Public works	1,946,221	2,060,745	1,938,912	2,001,888
Parks and recreation	1,924,353	1,648,096	3,090,098	1,667,800
Capital outlay	13,244	5 		=
Interest expense	529,764	488,119	583,454	667,366
Total governmental activities expenses	21,678,142	21,629,953	25,051,813	23,024,220
Business-type activities:				
Water	1,997,625	2,098,936	2,286,754	3,023,474
Sewer	2,409,689	2,178,353	1,632,168	1,723,353
Waste disposal	1,017,323	965,278	1,181,607	1,182,631
Total business-type activities expenses	5,424,637	5,242,567	5,100,529	5,929,458
Total primary government expenses	27,102,779	26,872,520	30,152,342	28,953,678
Program revenues:				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	2,704,730	4,015,856	4,962,322	2,977,575
Public safety	1,109,206	815,564	1,084,958	358,088
Community development	323,122	66,301	2,500	604,626
Public works	694,893	404,496	649,641	655,844
Parks and recreation	692,109	566,844	544,675	357,345
Operating grants and contributions			-	1,924,581
Capital grants and contributions	1,727,313	1,365,732	3,147,589	2,196,347
Total governmental activities				
program revenues	7,251,373	7,234,793	10,391,685	9,074,406
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Water	2,260,704	2,388,730	2,667,963	2,809,324
Sewer	1,893,343	1,979,065	2,381,596	2,498,588
Waste disposal	988,394	989,224	1,111,776	1,159,112
Total business-type activities				
program revenues	5,142,441	5,357,019	6,161,335	6,467,024
Total suivanes any open aut				
Total primary government	12 202 014	10 501 010	16 552 020	15 541 420
program revenues	12,393,814	12,591,812	16,553,020	15,541,430
Net revenues (expenses):				
Governmental activities	(14,426,769)	(14,395,160)	(14,660,128)	(13,949,814)
Business-type activities	(282,196)	114,452	1,060,806	537,566
Total net revenues (expenses)	\$ (14,708,965)	\$ (14,280,708)	\$ (13,599,322)	\$ (13,412,248)

GASB 34 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Information prior to implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Source: City Finance Department

	Fiscal Year										
2007		2007 2008		2009		2010			2011		
\$	6,472,343	\$ 9,724	.823	\$ 7,343,	319	\$ 8,39	93,942	\$	9,051,209		
-	9,322,543	9,881		10,101,			17,154	Ψ.	10,137,119		
	1,945,956	2,891		3,220,			47,132		3,658,552		
	5,764,469	5,383		6,102,			91,332		4,960,530		
	1,944,663	2,123		3,745,			50,683		2,375,034		
	_		_		-		-				
	1,009,135	1,045	5,722	963,	737	1,14	41,113		1,092,731		
	26,459,109	31,051		31,476,			51,356		31,275,175		
-						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	3,380,128	2,946	107	3,183,	023	3.29	32,758		3,227,843		
	2,969,735	2,812		2,731,			14,749		1,867,044		
	1,261,254	1,142		1,125,			98,303		1,077,641		
	7,611,117	6,901		7,040,			95,810	-	6,172,528		
-	7,011,117	0,201	,027	7,010,	_	0,22	70,010	-	0,172,520		
	34,070,226	37,952	2,030	38,517,	464	40,54	47,166	_	37,447,703		
	2,351,218	2,095	5.604	2,455,	039	2.69	98,964		2,503,993		
	1,192,594	1,383		1,710,			12,838		1,583,487		
	308,974		7,403	334,			25,299		581,323		
	931,094		3,091	916,			75,160		903,323		
	575,260	1,702	5 [*] 166.318	878,			71,337		526,198		
	2,371,022	2,100	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	3,425,			37,154		4,432,649		
	2,314,280	1,674		2,063,		renor harm	94,301	70	1,896,595		
	10,044,442	10,146	5,693	11,784,	159	10,99	95,053		12,427,568		
			*								
	2,878,972	2,839	2.207	2,795,	.599	2.73	37,198		3,064,458		
	2,482,039	2,458		2,562,			57,243		2,383,329		
,	1,153,329	1,063	. 5:	1,097,			10,869		1,125,037		
	6,514,340	6,361	,863	6,456,	469	6,2	15,310		6,572,824		
	16,558,782	16,508	3,556_	18,240,	628	17,2	10,363		19,000,392		
		and the second s							20. 2 · 600 · 500		
	(16,414,667)	(20,904	. 50	(19,692,	625)		56,303)		(18,847,607)		
	(1,096,777)		<u>,164)</u>	(584,			30,500)		400,296		
\$	(17,511,444)	\$ (21,443	,474)	\$ (20,276,	.836)	\$ (23,33	36,803)	\$	(18,447,311)		

	Fiscal Year								
		2003	2 1000	2004		2005		2006	
General revenues and other changes	3 . 3.07.07.07				Ų.			Ve	
in net assets:									
Governmental activities:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	5,387,292	\$	5,591,534	\$	8,664,486	\$	9,868,621	
Sales and use		5,301,408		5,566,868		6,437,044		6,992,207	
Property taxes in lieu of sales and use taxes		= (1=				***	
Franchise		1,948,844		1,956,149		2,067,293		350,718	
Motor fuel		1,425,275		1,122,019		2		=	
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		 /		ii -		575,837		180,687	
Investment income		387,443		429,153		400,074		198,089	
Gain on sale of property		= 1		-		= 1		-	
Other		89,428		1=		=		15,178	
Transfers		20,000		820,150		222,321		220,810	
Total governmental activities	1	4,559,690		15,485,873		18,367,055		17,826,310	
Business-type activities:									
Investment income		269,380		103,648		169,465		260,460	
Other		1		(M)		-		(69,856)	
Transfers		(20,000)		(820,150)		(222,321)		(220,810)	
Total business-type activities		249,380		(716,502)	-	(52,856)		(30,206)	
Total primary government	1	4,809,070		14,769,371	2 <u>7</u>	18,314,199		17,796,104	
Changes in net assets									
Governmental activities		132,921		1,090,713		3,706,927		3,876,496	
Business-type activities		(32,816)		(602,050)		1,007,950		507,360	
Total primary government	\$	100,105	\$	488,663	\$	4,714,877	\$	4,383,856	

GASB 34 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Information prior to implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Source: City Finance Department

Fiscal Year											
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011						
>>=					,						
\$	10,591,345	\$ 11,937,517	\$ 12,976,749	\$ 13,101,490	\$ 12,596,288						
Φ	CONTRACTOR OF COMMUNICATION			2,478,957							
	3,673,550	3,154,930	2,599,450		2,323,994						
	272.001	1,029,267	998,834	927,430	596,449						
	373,991	325,742	418,974	341,642	333,522						
	1 053 100	100 (6)	A.F. #103	71.00	115000						
	1,873,488	100,464	85,783	74,236	115,898						
	796,038	472,572	108,972	264,448	244,419						
	-	2,569,335	-	P	298,411						
	729,944	832,593	892,153	1,014,000	1,467,179						
	220,810	232,349	222,623	340,902	121,000						
	18,259,166	20,654,769	18,303,538	18,543,105	18,097,160						
	354,850	271,191	197,462	45,256	23,897						
		-	-								
	(220,810)	(232,349)	(222,623)	(340,902)	(121,000)						
	134,040	38,842	(25,161)	(295,646)	(97,103)						
	18,393,206	20,693,611	18,278,377	18,247,459	18,000,057						
	1,844,499	(249,541)	(1,389,087)	(4,013,198)	(750,447)						
	(962,737)	(500,322)	(609,372)	(1,076,146)	303,193						
-	(302,131)	(500,522)	(002,012)	(1,070,110)	505,175						
\$	881,762	\$ (749,863)	\$ (1,998,459)	\$ (5,089,344)	\$ (447,254)						

	Fiscal Year								
		2003		2004		2005	13	2006	
General fund: Reserved Unreserved	\$	30,327 179,768	\$	44,779 397,592	\$	49,532 3,026,464	\$	183,608 4,984,271	
Total general fund	\$	210,095	\$	442,371	\$	3,075,996	\$	5,167,879	
All other governmental funds: Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds	\$	3,157,797 2,905,681	\$	3,147,147 (2,230,704)	\$	6,942,187 (2,101,096)	\$	9,375,226 (2,923,775)	
Debt service funds Capital projects funds Other		1,206,357 (880,729)	Po sess	(450,962) 2,002,942 2,824,596	-	87,989 816,814 2,136,295	á 	(84,361) 29,777 2,131,887	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	6,389,106	\$	5,293,019	\$	7,882,189	\$	8,528,754	
General fund: Nonspendable Unassigned	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	-	\$	-	
Total general fund			\$	_	\$	j.	\$	(4	
All other governmental funds: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	\$		\$	-	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	м	\$	Tree Control	\$		\$	-	

Note: GASB 54 was implement in 2011, prior year's have no comparable data

The City has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

		I	Fiscal Year				
2007	2008		2009		2010		2011
\$ 2,055,539 3,992,140	\$ 69,999 2,362,813	\$	639,172 (492,513)	\$	768,679 (666,295)	\$	* <u>=</u>
\$ 6,047,679	\$ 2,432,812	\$	146,659	\$	102,384	\$, -
\$ 12,189,553	\$ 8,760,628	\$	7,112,657	\$	8,245,010	\$	<u> </u>
(2,020,353) (565,199)	(3,636,210) (611,346)		(422,538) 611,990		(614,082) (2,222,757)		-
 4,979,008	 (1,105,235)	1	(2,896,209)	Po-	(2,759,950)	· E	-
\$ 14,583,009	\$ 3,407,837		4,405,900	\$	2,648,221	\$	-
\$ 	\$ 	\$	_	\$	-	\$	237,378 (856,695)
\$ 	\$ 2 <u>-</u> 2	\$		\$		\$	(619,317)
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	-	\$	5,448,274 2,890,223 (7,022,933)
\$ 200000000000000000000000000000000000000	\$ Ę.	\$		\$	-	\$	1,315,564

	Fiscal Year						
	2003	2004	2005	2006			
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 12,731,567	\$ 13,223,074	\$ 17,116,611	\$ 18,160,481			
Licenses and permits	2,339,702	2,068,941	1,591,609	1,321,998			
Charges for services	294,477	380,555	481,095	499,624			
Fines and forfeitures	476,013	608,780	850,464	970,687			
Investment earnings	372,443	429,153	400,074	807,847			
Intergovernmental	3,880,576	4,390,068	6,521,737	4,297,805			
Administrative overhead	930,468	930,628	930,628	1,672,248			
Community development	211,520	-	-	-			
Sale of inventory	-	-	-	-			
Other	475,251	1,443,986	894,473	1,148,455			
Total revenues	21,712,017	23,475,185	28,786,691	28,879,145			
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	5,817,665	6,630,988	8,037,230	7,834,515			
Public safety	7,183,020	7,830,932	8,375,379	8,466,474			
Community development	1,924,352	1,636,810	1,344,615	3,069,196			
Public works	3,626,185	4,595,811	5,206,946	3,798,336			
Parks and recreation	1,867,457	2,124,210	1,918,860	1,939,812			
Pass-throughs	· -	<u>-</u>	· <u>-</u>	-			
SERAF	<u> </u>	_	_	-			
Capital outlay	2,074,668	1,418,383	1,717,999	_			
Other		168	2,321	_			
Debt service:			,				
Principal	505,000	540,000	575,000	787,000			
Interest and fiscal charges	437,496	381,845	432,867	498,414			
Cost of issuance	-	-					
Total expenditures	23,435,843	25,159,147	27,611,217	26,393,747			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(1,723,826)	(1,683,962)	1,175,474	2,485,398			
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	2,757,080	4,878,792	7,496,266	4,817,583			
Transfers out	(2,737,080)	(4,058,642)	(4,273,945)	(4,596,773)			
Payment to/from bond escrow agent	-	-	-	32,240			
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	_			
Discount	-	***	_	-			
Sale of property	-	-	-	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,000	820,150	3,222,321	253,050			
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,703,826)	\$ (863,812)	\$ 4,397,795	\$ 2,738,448			
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.6%	4.0%	4.0%	5.3%			

Source: City Finance Department

The City has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

		70000	Fiscal Year		7
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$	17 970 775	ф. 10 <i>507 7</i> 20	Ф. 20.126.147	Ф 1011 <i>457</i> 2	¢ 17.422.956
Ф	17,869,675	\$ 19,597,729	\$ 20,136,147 260,071	\$ 18,114,573	\$ 17,433,856
	235,143	254,159		223,748	249,754
	1,997,264	3,307,933	2,814,217	2,876,980	2,697,601
	886,395	1,074,122	1,268,174	1,226,322	1,183,299
	1,084,708	731,934	699,154	700,719	570,661
	5,607,795	3,608,832	5,481,477	6,017,833	7,005,399
	•	•	** **.		~
		£00.000	125 000	-	
	1 562 679	500,000	125,000	0 177 622	2 221 020
	1,563,678	1,424,980	1,931,944	2,177,633	2,331,930
	29,244,658	30,499,689	32,716,184	31,337,808	31,472,500
					¥
	7,499,986	8,998,389	8,362,675	7,870,484	7,710,354
	9,664,425	9,977,618	10,620,149	10,382,127	10,556,689
	2,189,345	5,051,488	2,033,620	1,636,343	2,364,956
	9,192,018	7,060,897	4,383,266	3,274,845	3,085,317
	1,925,068	5,093,249	3,731,142	2,921,263	2,332,198
	927,114	1,004,484	1,367,117	1,745,906	1,712,477
		-,, 1, 1.5 1	-,,	2,063,811	424,902
	2,826,135	6,167,164	1,538,552	989,588	2,835,433
	-,,	-	-	-	-
	832,000	1,309,000	1,418,388	1,663,887	1,933,535
	682,275	859,788	771,988	932,410	870,409
	383,621	-	-	_	м
	36,121,987	45,522,077	34,226,897	33,480,664	33,826,270
42					
	(6,877,329)	(15,022,388)	(1,510,713)	(2,142,856)	(2,353,770)
	4,078,292	4,451,217	5,468,685	6,818,161	7,603,439
		0.000		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	PONESSALD VALUE AND THE
	(3,857,482)	(4,218,868)	(5,246,062)	(6,477,259)	(7,482,439)
	11,490,000		_ 		_
	(74,426)	,531 Ye			- - -
	(/7,720)	-	-	-	178,411
	11,636,384	232,349	222,623	340,902	299,411
\$	4,759,055	\$ (14,790,039)	\$ (1,288,090)	\$ (1,801,954)	\$ (2,054,359)
	7.0%	6.6%	7.0%	8.0%	8.6%

Fiscal Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other
2002	\$ 488,938,266	\$ 151,372,758	\$ 150,792,175	\$ 19,564,058
2003	522,844,101	169,484,766	159,491,948	19,873,642
2004	567,902,157	177,295,352	165,048,900	23,765,942
2005	623,693,705	188,143,522	170,451,341	22,958,543
2006	701,620,690	204,017,895	183,844,983	23,324,074
2007	802,084,309	218,355,001	198,477,251	27,888,079
2008	900,052,366	240,006,510	216,095,061	25,461,983
2009	924,249,336	254,066,849	223,073,530	35,618,563
2010	834,108,715	256,442,463	258,825,850	32,405,858
2011	796,187,198	259,924,017	257,840,462	31,707,331

Notes:

Exempt values are not included in Total.

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of the property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At this point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Unsecured		E e	Unknown		Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	
\$	73,350,429	\$	6,703,467	\$	890,721,153	0.58850%	
	75,912,741		6,080,544		953,687,742	0.59360%	
	77,422,782		15,121,604		1,026,556,737	0.59653%	
	82,517,735		16,996,055		1,104,760,901	0.68950%	
	78,503,390		17,719,324		1,209,030,356	0.69569%	
	82,754,213		9,954,395		1,339,513,248	0.68705%	
	76,947,962		læ.		1,458,563,882	0.68705%	
	78,152,281		:=	46	1,515,160,559	0.68605%	
	112,691,566		-		1,494,474,452	0.73077%	
	108,228,918		i e.		1,453,887,926	0.73507%	

		Fiscal Year				
	2002	2003	2004	2005		
City Direct Rate:						
City basic rate	0.3320	0.3320	0.3320	0.4320		
Redevelopment agency/Other	0.2199	0.1929	0.1919	0.2913		
Total City Direct Debt	0.5885	0.5936	0.5965	0.6895		

Notes:

- (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.
- (2) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners.
- (3) City's share of 1.00% levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area within the largest net taxable value within the City. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figures.
- (4) Redevelopment Agency rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area (TRA) and includes only rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values.
- (5) Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section information.

This report is not to be used in support of debt issuance or continuing disclosure statements without the written consent of HdL, Coren & Cone.

ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT OF THE SECOND ASSESS	Fiscal Year										
2006	2006 2007		2009	2010	2011						
	ACCOMPANY THE PROPERTY OF THE			<u></u>							
0.4320	0.4291	0.4320	0.4298	0.4298	0.4298						
0.2904	0.2868	0.2887	0.2886	0.2885	0.2879						
0.6957	0.6871	0.6794	0.6861	0.7308	0.7351						

		2011				2002	
	Taxabl Assesso		Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed	Taynaver		Taxable Assessed	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Value	Taxpayer		Value	Value
CPF San Fernando LLC	\$	68,836,466	4.73%	CPF San Fernando LLC	\$	41,560,000	4.67%
Pharmavite LLC		39,821,448	2.74%	Regency Realty Group		26,614,560	2.99%
SFVS Company LLC		19,793,708	1.36%	G & S Partnership		10,375,704	1.16%
Foothill HD Retail Center LLC		18,700,049	1.29%	San Fernando Associates		9,794,302	1.10%
Ahi Glenoaks Inc.		15,200,201	1.05%	GMS Realty LLC		8,650,000	0.97%
San Fernando Gateway LLC		14,083,140	0.97%	Puretek Corporation		5,422,584	0.61%
315 Partners LLC		13,437,853	0.92%	Nathan O. Shaw Trust		5,420,107	0.61%
San Fernando Associates		9,989,900	0.69%	555 First St Inc.		5,270,330	0.59%
NNN California Auto Services		9,628,551	0.66%	Samco Scientific		5,100,188	0.57%
San Fernando Valley Automotive LLC	()	9,023,998	0.62%	Mission Plaza Partners		4,300,000	0,48%
Total Top Ten	\$	218,515,314	15.03%	Total Top Ten	\$	122,507,775	13.75%
Total Property Taxes	\$	1,453,887,926		Total Property Taxes	\$	890,721,153	

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

	T:	axes Levied	lections in	Total Collections to Date							
Fiscal Year	Fiscal for the		ne Pero		of Levy Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years			Amount	Percent of Levy	
2002	\$	5,272,343	\$	5,837,938	110.73%	\$	40,997	\$	5,878,935	111.51%	
2003	÷	6,021,584		6,119,018	101.62%		55,752		6,174,770	102.54%	
2004		6,481,679		6,342,738	97.86%		74,254		6,416,992	99.00%	
2005		7,862,160		8,045,587	102.33%		65,771		8,111,358	103.17%	
2006		8,694,574		9,015,419	103.69%		142,693		9,158,112	105.33%	
2007		9,197,054		9,901,528	107.66%		102,464		10,003,992	108.77%	
2008		9,909,383		10,361,519	104.56%	:	70,019		10,431,538	105.27%	
2009		9,661,994		10,977,764	113.62%		352,262		11,330,026	117.26%	
2010		9,754,979		11,049,754	113.27%		426,417		11,476,171	117.64%	
2011		9,693,186		11,146,361	114.99%		10,929		11,157,290	115.10%	

Note:

The amounts presented include City property taxes and Redevelopment Agency tax increment. This schedule also includes amounts collected by the City and Redevelopment Agency that were passed-through to other agencies.

<u> </u>	2011			20	02		
			Percent				Percent
			of				of
			Total				Total
		Water	Water			Water	Water
Water Cust	omer	 Charges	Revenues	Water Customer	_	Charges	Revenues
Pharmavite Corporation		\$ 26,362	1.00%	Oh Boy! Corporation	\$	13,443	0.61%
Pharmavite Corporation		18,409	0.70%	Puretek Corporation		13,082	0.59%
Puretek Corporation		17,249	0.65%	LACO-Int Service Dept		9,277	0.42%
Puretek Corporation		10,234	0.39%	Pharmavite Corporation		6,543	0.30%
Mission Park Apartments	8	10,162	0.39%	Flex-Link Products		6,097	0.28%
Olin Majers		9,354	0.35%	Mission Park Apartments		6,029	0.27%
Fresenius Medical CA		8,029	0.30%	LA Board of Education		5,813	0.26%
Martin & Denise Rile		7,348	0.28%	OL Swimmin Hole		4,932	0.22%
Home Depot #609		7,165	0.27%	KV Mart #19		4,829	0.22%
Maclay Coin Laundry		 6,802	0.26%	Pharmavite Corporation	·	4,683	0.21%
	Total Top Ten	\$ 121,114	4.59%	Total Top Ten	\$	74,728	3.39%
á	Total Water Revenue	\$ 2,638,917		Total Water Revenue	\$	2,202,874	

Source: Eden UB System (Water only)

			Governmen						
Fiscal Year	_		Obligation Allocation		Loans	Total Governmental Activities	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	
2002	\$	-	\$ 7,570,000	\$ -	\$ 7,570,000	1.83%	\$	314	
2003		-	7,065,000	1,521,839	8,586,839	2.01%		354	
2004		-	6,525,000	2,299,775	8,824,775	1.95%		363	
2005		-	5,340,000	6,023,726	11,363,726	2.36%		469	
2006		-	5,340,000	6,023,726	11,363,726	2.21%		471	
2007		-	16,113,506	6,348,789	22,462,295	4.17%		943	
2008		-	15,075,000	6,610,671	21,685,671	3.93%		917	
2009		-	13,985,000	6,643,296	20,628,296	3.74%		799	
2010		-	12,850,000	6,582,631	19,432,631	5.41%		819	
2011		544	11,620,158	6,307,069	17,927,227	Not Available		76	

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Personal income numbers not available for 2011.

Source: City Finance Department

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	Gross Bonded Debt Balance	Percent Applicable to City	Net Bonded Debt
Direct Debt:	£ 420,000	100 0009/	¢ 420,000
1998 Tallocation Bonds Project Area 1 1998 Tallocation Bonds Project Area 3	\$ 430,000 2,030,000	100.000% 100.000%	\$ 430,000 2,030,000
2006 Tallocation Bonds Project	9,210,000	100.000%	9,210,000
Total Direct Debt:	E E		11,670,000
Overlapping Debt:			PARAGET THEORY
*Metropolitan Water District Area 1117 DS	107,259,876	0.109	116,666
LA City Community College Dist 2001 Ser A LA City Community College 2003 Ser B	10,590,000 71,760,000	0.253 0.253	26,834 181,343
LA City Community College Dist 2003 Ser 2004B	17,935,000	0.253	45,323
LA City Community College Dist 2001 Ser 2004A	74,760,000	0.253	188,924
LACC DS REF 2001 Series 2005 A	431,075,000	0.253	1,089,359
LA City Community College DS Ref 2001 2006 Series B LA City Community College DS Ref 2003 2006 Series C	382,830,000 292,480,000	0.253 0.253	967,4 4 0 739,119
LACC DS 2001 2008 Series E-1	276,500,000	0.253	698,736
LACC DS 2001 2008 Taxable Series E-2	2,420,000	0.253	6,116
LACC DS 2003 2008 Series F-1	344,915,000	0.253	871,626
LACC DS 2003 2008 Taxable Series F-2	6,480,000	0.253	16,375
LACC DS 2008 2009 Taxable Series A LACC DS 2008 2009 Taxable Series B	350,000,000 75,000,000	0.253 0.253	884,476 189,531
LACC DS 2008 2010 Taxable Series D	175,000,000	0.253	442,292
LACC DS 2010 Taxable Series E (BABS)	900,000,000	0.253	2,274,644
LACC DS 2008 2010 Taxable Series C	125,000,000	0.253	315,923
Los Angeles Unif 2010 QSCBS Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 1997 Ser A	290,195,000 77,885,000	0.314 0.313	911,820 244,124
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 1997 Ser C	318,800,000	0.314	1,001,700
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 1997 Ser E	30,605,000	0.313	95,929
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 2002 Refdg BD	244,115,000	0.313	765,160
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 1997 Ser F	388,440,000	0.313	1,217,535
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 2002 Ser A Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 2004 Series C 2004	267,465,000 41,835,000	0.313 0.314	838,348 131,450
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 2004 Ref Bonds A-1	90,270,000	0.313	282,944
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 2004 Ref Bonds A-2	127,315,000	0.313	399,059
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 2004 Series E	329,680,000	0.313	1,033,356
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 2005 Ref Bds A-1	346,750,000 120,925,000	0.313 0.313	1,086,861 379,030
Los Angeles Unif Sch Dis 2004 Series F	449,880,000	0.313	1,410,114
LA USD DS 2006 Ref BD Series A	132,325,000	0.313	414,762
LA USD DS 2005 Series A (2006)	290,090,000	0.313	909,265
LA USD DS 2005 Series B (2006) LA USD DS 2005 Series C (2007)	344,175,000 462,605,000	0.313 0.313	1,078,790 1,450,000
LA USD DS 2005 Series C (2007)	906,905,000	0.313	2,842,623
LA USD DS 2006 Refunding Series B	559,585,000	0.313	1,753,976
LA USD DS 2007 Refunding Series A-1	1,136,865,000	0.313	3,563,415
LA USD DS 2007 Refunding Series A-2	136,055,000	0.313	426,454
LA USD DS 2002 Series B (2009) LA USD DS 2007 Ref BDS Series B	240,885,000 24,650,000	0.313 0.313	755,035 77,264
LA USD DS 2002 Series C	531,245,000	0.313	1,665,146
LA USD DS 2004 Series H	144,755,000	0.313	453,723
LA USD DS 2005 Series E	36,995,000	0.313	115,958
LA USD DS 2002 Series D LA USD DS 2004 Series I	168,790,000 5,615,000	0.313 0.313	529,059 17,600
LA USD DS 2005 Series F	145,250,000	0.313	455,275
LA USD DS 2002 Series E	157,165,000	0.313	492,622
LA USD DS 2004 Series J	130,450,000	0.313	408,885
LA USD DS 2005 Series G	3,795,000	0.314 0,313	11,924
LA USD DS 2005 Series H LA USD DS 2009 Refunding Measure R Bonds	159,495,000 20,930,000	0.313	499,925 65,613
LA USD DS Measure R Series 2009	39,000,000	0.313	122,261
LA USD DS Measure R Series 2009 KRY BABS	200,000,000	0.313	626,979
LA USD DS Measure Y Series 2009 KRY BABS	363,005,000	0,313	1,137,982
LA USD DS 2010 Refunding Prop BB Bonds LA USD DS Measure R Scries 2010 KRY BABS	74,080,000 806,795,000	0.313 0.313	232,233 2,529,217
LA USD DS Measure R Series 2010 KRY BABS LA USD DS Measure R Series 2010 KRY BABS	1,250,585,000	0.313	3,920,451
Total Overlapping Debt:	-,200,000,000	0.2.3	45,408,596
Total Direct & Overlapping Debt:			\$ 57,078,596
2010/11 Assessed Valuation: \$923,720,935 after deducting \$530,166,991 Redevelopment Increment.			
Debt to Assessed Valuation Ratios:	Direct Debt	1.26%	
	Overlapping Debt	4.92%	
	Total Debt	6.18%	

Notes:

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⁽¹⁾ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any

overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners. City's share of 1.00% levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area within the largest net taxable value within the City. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figures.

The total debt is assessed valuation ratio is calculated by the total direct and overlapping debt divided by the 2010/11 Assessed Valuation.

Redevelopment Agency rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area (TRA) and includes only rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values.

Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section information. (5)

		Fiscal	Fiscal Year			
	2002	2003	2004	2005		
Assessed valuation	\$ 953,687,742	\$ 1,026,556,737	\$ 1,104,760,901	\$ 1,209,030,356		
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%		
Adjusted assessed valuation	238,421,936	256,639,184	276,190,225	302,257,589		
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%		
Debt limit	35,763,290	38,495,878	41,428,534	45,338,638		
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds						
Legal debt margin	\$ 35,763,290	\$ 38,495,878	\$ 41,428,534	\$ 45,338,638		
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Sources: City Finance Department HdL Report

TO 1	1 7 7
Hisca.	l Year

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$ 1,245,984,173	\$ 1,339,513,248	\$ 1,458,563,882	\$ 1,515,160,559	\$ 1,494,474,452	\$ 1,453,887,926
25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
311,496,043	334,878,312	364,640,971	378,790,140	373,618,613	363,471,982
15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
46,724,406	50,231,747	54,696,146	56,818,521	56,042,792	54,520,797
\$ 46,724,406	\$ 50,231,747	\$ 54,696,146	\$ 56,818,521	\$ 56,042,792	\$ 54,520,797
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

 Calendar Year	Population ¹		Calif. Metropolitan Personal Income (in thousands) ²		Metropolitan er Capita ersonal ncome ²	Unemployment Rate ³		
2002	24,078	\$	412,753,239	\$	32,544	6.1%		
2003	24,253		427,549,556		33,435	6.6%		
2004	24,304		452,200,899		35,170	7.2%		
2005	24,207		482,011,274		37,441	7.8%		
2006	24,119		513,123,392		39,880	7.8%		
2007	23,818		539,163,000		41,875	7.8%		
2008	23,645		552,449,876		42,916	7.6%		
2009	25,833		551,271,235		42,818	11.9%		
2010	23,728		359,081,000		14,156	12.9%		
2011	23,712	N	ot Available	Not	Available	12.9%		

Sources:

¹ US Census Bureau

HdL Report/Bureau of Economic Analysis (data shown is for the metropolitan area of L.A.-Long Beach-Santa Ana)

² Santa Ana through 2009; thereafter it is specific to the City of San Fernando

³ US Census Bureau/Personal Profile for years 2005-2007. Estimates for previous years

August 31, 1911	
Council-City Administrator	
2.42 square miles	
Residential	40.1%
Commercial	8.3%
Industrial	12.9%
Open space	9.0%
Highway and streets, rights-of-way	29.7%
Undeveloped land	0.0%
	100.0%
	Council-City Administrator 2.42 square miles Residential Commercial Industrial Open space Highway and streets, rights-of-way

Buil	dina	Peri	nife
Duu	ume	геп	шиз

Calendar		
Year	# Permits	Valuation
1995	650	\$ 4,802,623
1996	354	5,321,998
1997	379	6,229,912
1998	241	5,314,484
1999	277	6,879,355
2000	481	8,530,618
2001	499	11,829,627
2002	527	5,852,529
2003	985	9,610,033
2004	551	10,249,858
2005	1,390	15,845,473
2006	1,421	13,860,435
2007	1,137	9,549,375
2008	1,035	15,742,359
2009	858	9,888,598
2010	797	8,024,919
2011	760	7,146,062

		Percent	
		of	
		Total	
	Number of	City	
Company	Employees	Employers	Туре
Los Angeles Unified School District	580	5.49%	Public Education
T Contractors	400	3.79%	Clothing Manufacturer
Puretek	400	3.79%	Pharmaceutical Products
Pepsi Bottling Co.	300	2.84%	Wholesale Beverages
Los Angeles County	265	2.51%	County Government
Home Depot	250	2.37%	Home Improvement Supplies
Linzer Products	250	2.37%	Painters Equipment & Supplies
Samco Scientific	250	2.37%	Physicians & Surgeons Equip
Future Graphics	220	2.08%	Wholesale Printer Cartridges
Bernards Brothers	200	1.89%	Building Contractor
City of San Fernando	157	1.49%	City Government
Medical Illumination International	155	1.47%	Physicians & Surgeons Equip
Sam's Club	140	1.33%	Retail
McDonald's	119	1.13%	Restaurant
Up RC Bottling	100	0.95%	Wholesale Beverages
& M Products	100	0.95%	Clamp Manufacturer
Premier Accessories Manufacturing	100	0.95%	Wholesale Apparel
Rydell's San Fernando	100	0.95%	Automotive Dealership
Santana Formal Accessories	100	0.95%	Formal Accessories
Wic Nutrition Program	99	0.94%	Social Service & Welfare
Total Top Twenty Employers	4,285	40.58%	
Total Employed within the City	10,560		

Note: Figures have been rounded to the nearest tenth. Information as of August 2010. Information from 10 years ago is not available.

Disclaimer: The City of San Fernando makes no claims concerning the accuracy of data provided nor assumes any liability resulting from the use of information herein.

Source: HDL Report

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007*	2008	2009	2010	2011
General government	42	41	42	38	37	37	36	35	50	48
Public safety	61	61	62	61	59	59	62	65	65	60
Public works	40	41	41	42	48	43	46	47	38	38
Community development	9	10	10	10	9	11	10	10	6	5
Total	152	153	155	151	153	150	154	157	159	151

^{* -} Revised 2007

Source: City Personnel Records

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Calendar Years

	Calendar Year			
Function	2001	2002	2003	2004
Police:				
Arrests	1,238	1,045	1,310	1,481
Parking citations issued	10,476	12,556	16,233	16,129

Calendar Year					
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
1 420	1 227	1.501	0.471	2.721	1 404
1,432	1,377	1,571	2,471	2,721	1,424
15,860	15,205	16,074	19,096	16,966	14,799

		Fiscal Year			
Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	
Police:				Challen In Section of Colores	
Stations	1	1,	1	1	
Fire:					
Fire stations	••	=	A=	ē	
Public works:					
Street (miles)	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
Streetlights	1,678	1,678	1,678	1,678	
Traffic signals	45	45	45	45	
Parks and recreation:					
Parks	4	4	5	5	
Recreation centers	2	2	2	2	
Water:					
Water mains (miles)	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	
Maximum daily capacity (thousands of gallons)	.600	600	600	600	
Wastewater:					
Sanitary sewers (miles)	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	
Storm sewers (miles)	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	

Source: City of San Fernando

Fiscal Year						
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
-	-	-	-	w	-	
50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	
1,678	1,678	1,678	1,678	1,848	1,848	
45	45	45	45	45	45	
5	6	6	6	6	6	
2	2	2	2	2	2	
66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	66.50	
600	600	600	600	600	600	
40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	
0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO Pertinent Address Information For the year ended June 30, 2011

Address information for the City of San Fernando, City of San Fernando Redevelopment Agency, and Public Finance Authority is as follows:

City Administrator 117 MacNeil Street San Fernando, California 91340-2993 Website: www.sfcity.org